







Ministère de la Santé et de la Prévention





Research Summary

Acceptability of Depo-subQ in Uniject, Now Called "Sayana Press"

Sayana® Press, a subcutaneous formulation of depot medroxyprogesterone acetate (DMPA) in the Uniject injection system, has the potential to be a valuable innovation in family planning service delivery because its prefilled design may overcome logistic and safety challenges in delivering intramuscular DMPA. The ultimate success of Sayana Press hinges on it being affordable and acceptable to family planning clients, providers, and decision makers. Through the PROGRESS project, FHI 360 worked with the Uganda and the Senegal Ministry of Health and local partners to assess acceptability of Sayana Press among intramuscular DMPA users and providers and offer recommendations for method introduction.

The study team conducted user trials in family planning clinics in three districts in Senegal and in community-based services in two districts in Uganda. Clinic-based providers and community health workers (CHWs) were trained to administer Sayana Press. Pre- and post-injection questionnaires were administered using personal digital assistants (PDAs) to experienced intramuscular DMPA users who received Sayana Press instead of their usual intramuscular DMPA injection. Participants who tried Sayana Press were followed three months post-injection to further assess their experiences, and asked if they would select intramuscular DMPA or Sayana Press for their next injection. Eligible intramuscular DMPA users who declined to receive Sayana Press were interviewed about their reasons for declining. We conducted in-depth interviews with providers

to assess their experiences providing Sayana Press.

In Senegal, 242 participants tried Sayana Press, and 120 participants in Uganda tried the product. Seven participants in Senegal and nine participants in Uganda declined Sayana Press during the enrollment period. In Senegal the main reason for declining was lack of familiarity and/or trust of Sayana Press. In Uganda the reasons for declining were mainly because Sayana Press was new or they were afraid of side effects.

Three months after trying Sayana Press, 80% (95% CI: 74%-87%) of Senegal participants and 84% (95% CI: 75%-93%) of Uganda participants said they would select Sayana Press, if both intramuscular DMPA and Sayana Press were available. Senegal clients' main reasons for selecting Sayana Press included experiencing fewer side effects, liking the method, fast administration, less pain, and method effectiveness. Uganda clients' main reasons for selecting Sayana Press included experiencing fewer side effects, liking Sayana Press, less pain, and effects on menstruation. In Senegal, six adverse events (only one method related) were reported. In Uganda, 28 non-serious adverse events were reported (nine possibly or definitely related).

In Senegal, 20 clinic-based providers and 32 CHWs enrolled and injected clients. Fifty Senegal providers (out of 52) preferred Sayana Press over intramuscular DMPA. The main reasons Senegal providers preferred Sayana Press were its characteristics (prefilled/all-in-one), client preference (especially less pain), and the potential to increase access to family

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planning, especially through communitybased distribution. To facilitate Sayana Press introduction providers recommended clients be counseled well and communities sensitized. Providers also said Sayana Press must be affordable and in-stock.

In Uganda, 35 CHWs enrolled and injected clients. All CHWs interviewed (n= 34) preferred Sayana Press over intramuscular DMPA. The main reason Uganda providers preferred Sayana Press was the prefilled/all-in-one design made preparation and administration easier and faster. Some providers thought the Sayana Press all-in-one feature may decrease stock-outs (intramuscular DMPA requires syringe and vial). Providers also felt clients preferred the shorter Sayana Press needle because it is less intimidating and less painful. Some providers identified self-injection as an advantage of Sayana Press. To facilitate

Sayana Press introduction providers recommended clients be counseled well and communities sensitized. Additionally, Sayana Press must be accessible to CHWs who currently travel far to transport intramuscular DMPA to their villages. To improve service delivery, CHWs recommended financial incentives and equipment to facilitate transportation and storage of family planning supplies.

In conclusion, most clinic-based providers, CHWs and DMPA clients prefer Sayana Press over intramuscular DMPA. Trained CHWs can safely administer Sayana Press. Provider recommendations should be considered during implementation planning. If implemented in Senegal, community-based distribution of DMPA (any type) is anticipated to result in more women having their family planning needs met.

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