

# The Effects of $PM_{10}$ and $PM_{2.5}$ on Birth Weight in North Carolina

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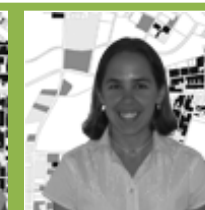
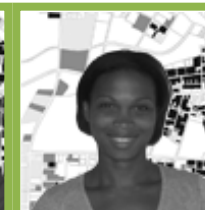
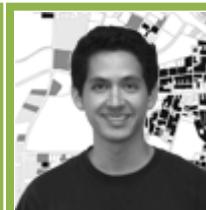
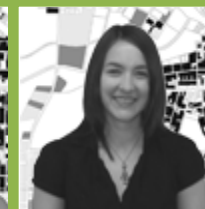


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# Children's Environmental Health Initiative

- Focus on children
  - Focus on issues of environmental justice
  - Shift to preventive interventions
  - Emphasis on spatial analytic approaches

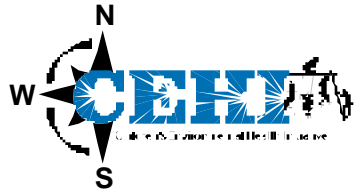


## Maternal exposure to air pollution may elevate the risk of adverse birth outcomes

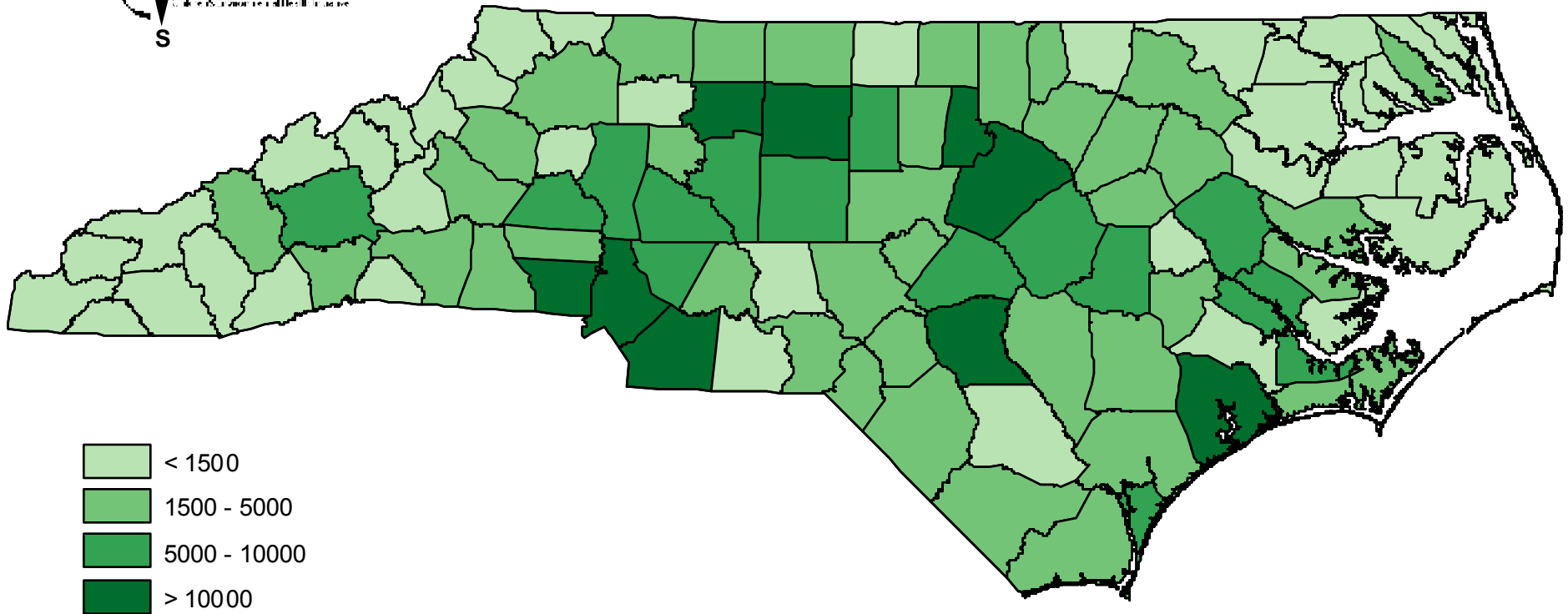
- Many of the U.S. studies focus on California or the northeastern U.S.
- Assesses the impact of maternal exposure to  $PM_{10}$  and  $PM_{2.5}$  on BWT in North Carolina
- Interested in changes in BWT due to maternal air pollution exposure



• N=386,422

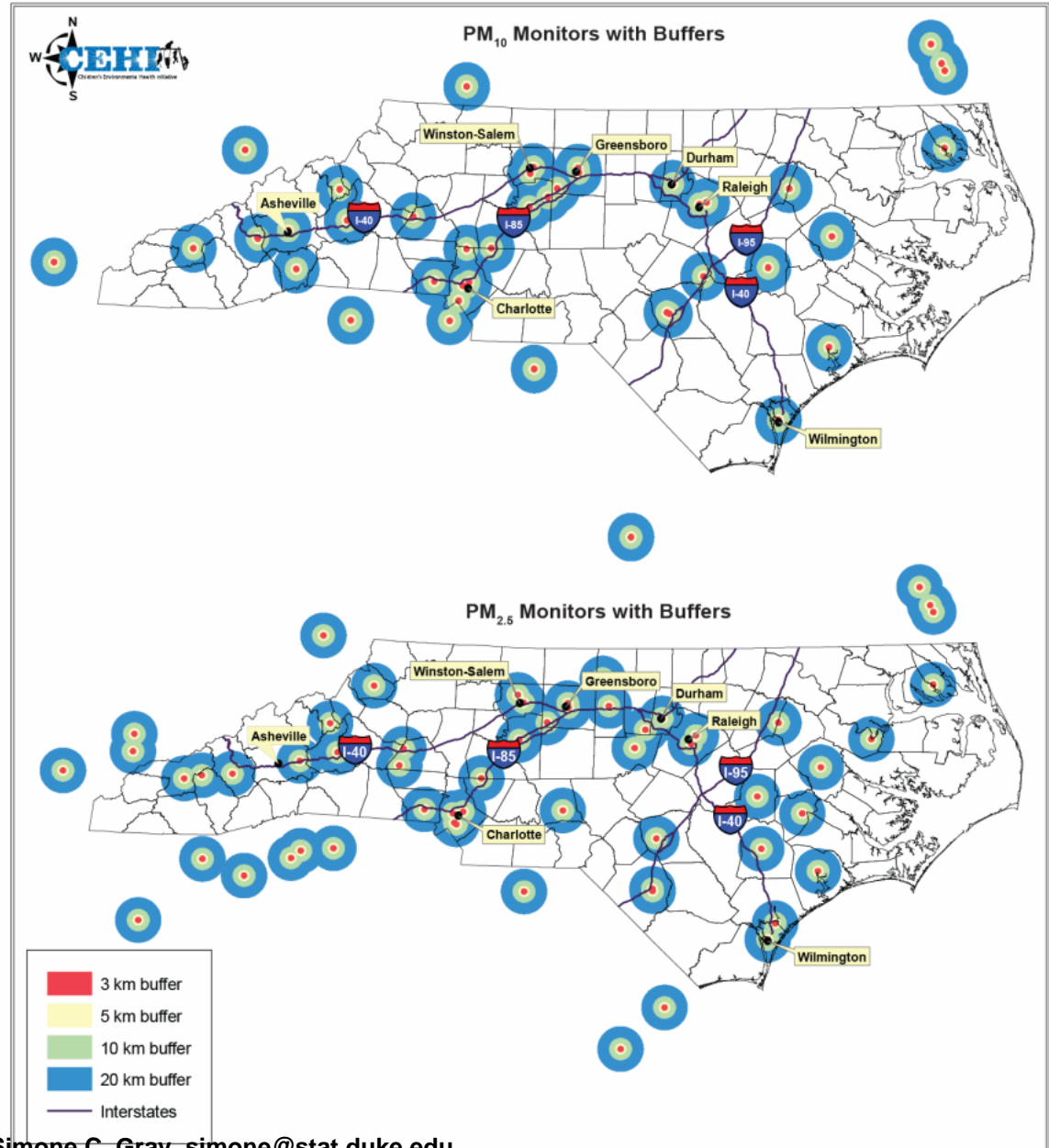


Total Geocoded Births by County  
2000-2003



- Singleton, non-anomalous births
- Women ages 15-44
- NHW, NHB, HISP
- No alcohol consumption
- Gestation between 33 and 42 weeks
- Within 20km of a monitor

Location of PM<sub>10</sub> and PM<sub>2.5</sub> monitors and distance buffers





# Maternal Exposure Assessment

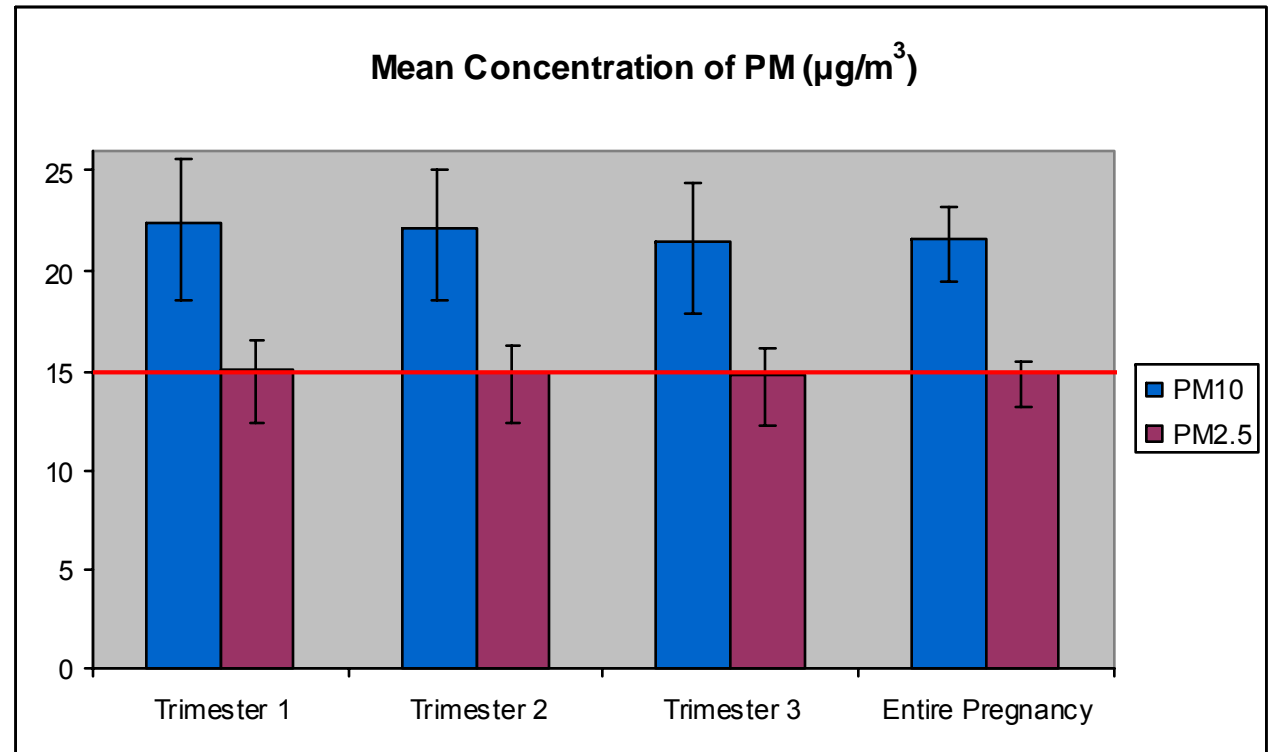
- Daily average concentrations for  $PM_{10}$  and  $PM_{2.5}$  obtained from EPA for 1999-2003
- Missing one week of data, used average of previous week and consequent week as a proxy
- Restricted to moms with at least 90% of air pollution data complete
- Trimester exposure measurements calculated by averaging weekly data for each trimester



# Summary of Data

Descriptive statistics of study population (n=254780)

Variable	Mean ± SD or percentage
Birth weight (g)	3371 ± 527.9
Low birthweight [<2500 g (%)]	5.2
Gestational age (weeks)	38.9 ± 1.6
Male sex of infant (%)	51.00
Firstborn (%)	42.30
Maternal Tobacco use (%)	11.20
Married (%)	68.40
<b>Maternal Race/Ethnicity (%)</b>	
NHW	62.80
NHB	24.30
HISP	12.90
<b>Maternal Age in years (%)</b>	
15-19	10.50
20-24	25.50
25-29	27.00
30-34	24.60
35-39	10.50
40-44	1.80
<b>Maternal Education (%)</b>	
≤8 years	5.70
8-11 years	14.00
12 years	27.70
13-15 years	22.30
≥16 years	30.30



- The red line represents the annual PM<sub>2.5</sub> NAAQS for 2000-2003
- There is currently no annual standard for PM<sub>10</sub>



# Statistical Analysis

- Used multivariate linear regression modeling with BWT as the continuous outcome variable
- Controlled for gestational age, maternal race/ethnicity, education, tobacco use, marital status, infant sex and birth order
- Constructed a baseline model, with no pollution variables
- Constructed models for each pollutant using trimester exposure estimates and pregnancy long estimates





# Baseline Model

Changes in birthweight in baseline model.

Variable	Change in BWT (95% CI)
Gestational age (weeks)	170.7 (169.7 to 171.7)
Male sex of infant	128.1 (124.7 to 131.5)
Firstborn	-125 (-128.7 to -121.3)
Maternal Tobacco use	-193 (-198.7 to -178.3)
Not Married	-34.1 (-38.7 to -29.5)
<b>Maternal Race/Ethnicity</b>	
NHW (reference)	
NHB	-178.4 (-182.9 to -173.9)
HISP	-75.3 (-81.6 to -69.0)
<b>Maternal Age in years</b>	
15-19	-35.3 (-42.5 to -28.1)
20-24	-27.1 (-32.0 to -22.2)
25-29 (reference)	
30-34	10.5 (5.7 to 15.3)
35-39	7.5 (1.3 to 13.7)
40-44	-31.0 (-43.8 to -18.2)
<b>Maternal Education</b>	
≤8 years	-47.4 (-56.2 to -38.6)
8-11 years	-35.8 (-41.7 to -29.9)
12 years (reference)	
13-15 years	23.2 (18.2 to 28.2)
≥16 years	26.3 (21.1 to 31.5)

- Standard covariates were significant and carried the expected signs
- Positive correlation between BWT and gestation and male sex.
- Negative correlation between BWT and firstborns, tobacco use, unmarried, minority race groups, mothers with less than high school education.



# Pollutant Models: PM<sub>10</sub>

	Gestation 33-42 wks		Gestation 37-42 wks	
	Estimate	Pr(> t )	Estimate	Pr(> t )
Intercept	3503.41	0.00	3512.95	0.00
Gestation	168.20	0.00	142.39	0.00
Male	127.16	0.00	130.94	0.00
Smoker	-194.39	0.00	-196.79	0.00
Not Married	-34.41	0.00	-36.39	0.00
Edu Middle	-38.13	0.00	-41.20	0.00
Edu Somehigh	-36.53	0.00	-35.98	0.00
Edu Somecollege	21.01	0.00	19.22	0.00
Edu College	26.74	0.00	25.08	0.00
Racegroup NHB	-176.30	0.00	-177.49	0.00
Racegroup HISP	-79.77	0.00	-82.17	0.00
Age 15-19	-35.84	0.00	-42.11	0.00
Age 20-24	-28.97	0.00	-31.27	0.00
Age 25-34	-5.70	0.10	-5.00	0.11
<b>PM<sub>10</sub> tri1</b>	<b>-0.53</b>	<b>0.04</b>	<b>-0.51</b>	<b>0.04</b>
<b>PM<sub>10</sub> tri2</b>	<b>-0.61</b>	<b>0.04</b>	<b>-0.45</b>	<b>0.15</b>
<b>PM<sub>10</sub> tri3</b>	<b>-0.71</b>	<b>0.01</b>	<b>-0.69</b>	<b>0.02</b>
PM <sub>10</sub> tri2	-0.61	0.04	-0.45	0.15
PM <sub>10</sub> tri3	-0.71	0.01	-0.69	0.02



# Pollutant Models: PM<sub>10</sub>

	Gestation 33-42 wks		Gestation 37-42 wks		
	Estimate	Pr(> t )	Estimate	Pr(> t )	
Intercept	3502.42	0.00	3512.44	0.00	
Gestation	168.16	0.00	142.35	0.00	
Male	127.17	0.00	130.95	0.00	
Smoker	-194.40	0.00	-196.79	0.00	
Not Married	-34.40	0.00	-36.36	0.00	
Edu Middle	-38.06	0.00	-41.12	0.00	
Edu Somehigh	-36.50	0.00	-35.94	0.00	
Edu Somecollege	21.00	0.00	19.21	0.00	
Edu College	26.74	0.00	25.11	0.00	
Racegroup NHB	-176.32	0.00	-177.48	0.00	
Racegroup HISP	-79.78	0.00	-82.14	0.00	
Age 15-19	-35.86	0.00	-42.13	0.00	
Age 20-24	-28.97	0.00	-31.27	0.00	
Age 30-34	5.76	0.10	5.31	0.14	
Age 35-39	6.28	0.16	6.27	0.18	
<b>PM<sub>10</sub> preg avg</b>	<b>-1.83</b>	<b>0.00</b>	<b>-1.66</b>	<b>0.00</b>	
<b>FITSDORTT</b>	<b>-120.91</b>	<b>0.00</b>	<b>-119.57</b>	<b>0.00</b>	
<b>PM<sub>10</sub> preg avg</b>	<b>-1.83</b>	<b>0.00</b>	<b>-1.66</b>	<b>0.00</b>	



# Pollutant Models: PM<sub>2.5</sub>

	Gestation 33-42 wks		Gestation 37-42 wks	
	Estimate	Pr(> t )	Estimate	Pr(> t )
Intercept	3472.01	0.00	3481.50	0.00
Gestation	167.32	0.00	141.47	0.00
Male	128.00	0.00	131.46	0.00
Smoker	-190.39	0.00	-192.90	0.00
Not Married	-32.53	0.00	-32.37	0.00
Edu Middle	-45.26	0.00	-48.66	0.00
Edu Somehigh	-37.81	0.00	-37.92	0.00
Edu Somecollege	21.57	0.00	20.27	0.00
Edu College	26.15	0.00	25.52	0.00
Racegroup NHB	-180.05	0.00	-181.86	0.00
Racegroup HISP	-74.80	0.00	-76.32	0.00
Age 15-19	-38.88	0.00	-45.36	0.00
<b>PM<sub>2.5</sub> tri1</b>	<b>0.68</b>	<b>0.07</b>	<b>0.77</b>	<b>0.04</b>
<b>PM<sub>2.5</sub> tri2</b>	<b>-0.81</b>	<b>0.06</b>	<b>-0.68</b>	<b>0.12</b>
<b>PM<sub>2.5</sub> tri3</b>	<b>-0.92</b>	<b>0.03</b>	<b>-0.94</b>	<b>0.03</b>
PM <sub>2.5</sub> tri1	0.68	0.07	0.77	0.04
PM <sub>2.5</sub> tri2	-0.81	0.06	-0.68	0.12
PM <sub>2.5</sub> tri3	-0.92	0.03	-0.94	0.03



# Pollutant Models: PM<sub>2.5</sub>

	Gestation 33-42 wks		Gestation 37-42 wks	
	Estimate	Pr(> t )	Estimate	Pr(> t )
Intercept	3473.82	0.00	3482.64	0.00
Gestation	167.32	0.00	141.48	0.00
Male	128.03	0.00	131.49	0.00
Smoker	-190.42	0.00	-192.91	0.00
Not Married	-32.58	0.00	-32.43	0.00
Edu Middle	-45.19	0.00	-48.58	0.00
Edu Somehigh	-37.76	0.00	-37.87	0.00
Edu Somecollege	21.61	0.00	20.32	0.00
Edu College	26.17	0.00	25.54	0.00
Racegroup NHB	-180.08	0.00	-181.90	0.00
Racegroup HISP	-75.01	0.00	-76.54	0.00
Age 15-19	-38.86	0.00	-45.30	0.00
Age 20-24	-30.58	0.00	-31.52	0.00
Age 30-34	7.93	0.01	8.22	0.01
<b>PM<sub>2.5</sub> preg avg</b>	<b>-1.15</b>	<b>0.06</b>	<b>-0.91</b>	<b>0.15</b>
Age 40-44	-27.89	0.00	21.30	0.01
Firstborn	-124.67	0.00	-116.95	0.00
PM <sub>2.5</sub> preg avg	-1.15	0.06	-0.91	0.15



# Pollutant Models: PM<sub>2.5</sub>

	Gestation 33-42 wks		Gestation 37-42 wks	
	Estimate	Pr(> t )	Estimate	Pr(> t )
Intercept	3463.69	0.00	3471.36	0.00
Gestation	167.31	0.00	141.47	0.00
Male	128.03	0.00	131.51	0.00
Smoker	-107.70	0.00	-98.86	0.00
Not Married	-32.57	0.00	-32.41	0.00
Edu Middle	-45.26	0.00	-48.65	0.00
Edu Somehigh	-37.64	0.00	-37.74	0.00
Edu Somecollege	21.59	0.00	20.30	0.00
Edu College	26.14	0.00	25.51	0.00
Racegroup NHB	-180.13	0.00	-181.96	0.00
Racegroup HISP	-75.14	0.00	-76.69	0.00
Age 15-19	-38.82	0.00	-45.26	0.00
Age 20-24	-30.54	0.00	-31.47	0.00
Age 30-34	7.94	0.01	8.24	0.01
Age 35-39	6.27	0.11	7.62	0.06
<b>PM<sub>2.5</sub> preg avg</b>	<b>-0.44</b>	<b>0.50</b>	<b>-0.12</b>	<b>0.86</b>
<b>PM<sub>2.5</sub> preg avg*Smoker</b>	<b>-5.80</b>	<b>0.00</b>	<b>-6.60</b>	<b>0.00</b>
<b>PM<sub>2.5</sub> preg avg*Smoker</b>	<b>-5.80</b>	<b>0.00</b>	<b>-6.60</b>	<b>0.00</b>



## NAAQS in NC

- Average annual  $PM_{2.5}$  levels are less than the standard of  $15 \mu\text{g}/\text{m}^3$
- $PM_{10}$  levels are less than half the previous NAAQS of  $50 \mu\text{g}/\text{m}^3$
- Even with NC's relatively low measures, we still see an association between maternal exposure to both  $PM_{10}$  and  $PM_{2.5}$  and BWT
- The health risk of air pollution exposure on pregnant women is an important public health issue



## Future Work

- PM is one of 6 criteria pollutants regulated by the EPA
- Also interested in the effects of other air pollutants on birth outcomes
- Use spatial modeling for assessing air pollution exposure





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<http://www.nicholas.duke.edu/cehi/>