Correlates of Never Using Condoms for Oral Sex

Sara K. Head, MPH¹
Richard A. Crosby, PhD¹
Gregory Moore, MD¹
Adewale Troutman, MD²

¹University of Kentucky, Lexington, Kentucky ²Louisville Metro Public Health and Wellness Department, Louisville, Kentucky

Background

- Oral sex is a common practice and is increasing
- Oral sex is a potential route for STD transmission
- Condom use with oral sex is not common
- Research indicates multiple factors deter condom use with oral sex

Objective

- Examine the differences in those who use condoms sporadically with oral sex in comparison to those who never use condoms for oral sex
- Examine the prevalence and correlates of never using condoms for oral sex:
 - Students on a college campus
 - STD clinic attendees

Methods: Sample

- Convenience sample
 - College campus, southern U.S.
 - Publicly funded STD clinic
- Eligibility criteria:
 - no previous HSV-2 diagnosis
 - speak English
 - sexually active past 3 months
- Analysis limited
 - those without current symptoms of HSV-2
 - those reporting oral sex in last 3 months

Methods: Data Collection

- Cross-sectional
- Self-administered questionnaire
 - sexual behavior measures
 - 5 item version of Herpes Related Quality of Life scale (Cronbach $\alpha = .84$)
- HSV-2 Rapid Test: Sure-Vue® HSV-2 by Fisher HealthCare (Houston, TX); 96% sensitive; 98% specific

Methods: Data Analysis

- Assessed variables for normality; median split for non-normal variables
- SPSS 14.0, χ^2 , logistic regression
- Significance at $\alpha = .05$

Results: Sample Characteristics

	College campus:	STD Clinic:
	N=175 (49.6%)	N=178 (50.4%)
Mean Age (sd)	21 years (3.1)	30 years (10.5)
African-American	9%	59%
Caucasian	88%	39%
Female	40%	43%
Male	60%	57%
Never used a condom for oral sex (past 3 months)	93%	71%

Results: Sample Characteristics

- Mean age 25.4 years (standard deviation 8.9)
- 63.8% Caucasian, 33.3 African-American
- 58.1% male, 41.9% female
- 55.4% STD clinic, 44.6% college campus
- 13.3% positive HSV-2 serostatus
- 29.5% previous STD diagnosis
- 82.1% never used condoms for oral sex

Results: Bivariate Associations:

Potential Correlates and Never Using Condoms for Oral Sex

<u></u> ≤ 21	years age	P=.002

Caucasian race
$$P=.0001$$

$$\sim$$
 High school education $P=.002$

Recruited at college campus
$$P=.0001$$

Negative HSV-2 serostatus
$$P=.007$$

■ Frequency of penile-vaginal sex:
$$P$$
=.01 \geq 12 times in 3 months

Never using a condom penile-
$$P$$
=.04 vaginal sex (past 3 months)

No previous STD diagnosis
$$P=.005$$

Results: Multivariate Associations

- Recruited from college campus
 - Adjusted Odds Ration [AOR] = 6.03
 - 95% Confidence Interval [CI] = 2.92-12.45
 - *P* < .0001
- Increased sexual frequency (12 ≤ penile-vaginal sexual acts measured in past 3 months)
 - \blacksquare AOR = 1.91
 - 95% CI = 1.03-3.54
 - P = 0.039
- Never using condoms for penile-vaginal sex

Discussion

- Greater frequency of penile-vaginal sex and never using condoms for penile-vaginal sex were associated with never using condoms for oral sex
 - Possibly characteristic of relationship as with penilevaginal sex
 - Condoms possible barriers to sexual pleasure / orgasm

Discussion

- Students in college may be at increased risk for never using condoms for oral sex.
 - May engage in sexual risk behaviors with less consequence; STDs less prevalent in their network
 - May be less exposed to sexual health promotion messages than those attending STD clinic
 - Other significant bivariate associations definitive of student sample

Limitations

- Cross-sectional, convenience sample, sample bias
- Self-report of sensitive behaviors
- Did not assess oral sex as specifically "given" or "received"
- Did not assess participant knowledge of condom use with oral sex
- Unprotected oral sex questions specific to condom use

Implications for Public Health

- Findings may be used to better guide educational efforts (ie college students in South)
- Condom use messages directed to penile-vaginal sex may include oral sex messages
- Prevention directed at oral condom use may consider specific sexual partnerships

Conclusion

- Findings suggest that increased sexual frequency and never using condoms for penile-vaginal sex are characteristics of those who never use condoms for oral sex
- Additionally, students on college campuses may be at increased risk of never using condoms for oral sex

Acknowledgement

- Support for this project was provided by a grant from Glaxo Smith-Kline to Dr. Richard Crosby
- We gratefully acknowledge the assistance of the Clinic Director, Ms. Deborah Snow, and the clinic staff members