THRIVE:

Tool for Health and Resilience in Vulnerable Environments

http://preventioninstitute.org/thrive/index.php

Rachel Davis, мsw Managing Director

November 7, 2007 APHA 2007 Washington, DC



www.preventioninstitute.org

The Trajectory of Health Disparities







Making Links to Actual Causes of Death





Asthma outbreak hits kids RISKS OF THE 'RED ZONE'



JENNI GRITMAN/ Sca athma sufferer Tyrone Johnson, 2, breathes fresh air Friday as his aunt Susan Thomas tends him at Atlanta's Hughes Spalding Chilren's Hospital. Sky-high smog readings in metro Atlanta have produced a flare-up of asthma cases, especially among children.

The Atlanta Journal-Constitution SATURDAY, AUG. 19, 2000

Copyright 2007, Rachel Davis, rachel@preventioninstitute.org

What's Sold and Promoted







Prevention Institute

Industry	Low-Wealth	High-Wealth
Group	Neighborhood	Neighborhood
Supermarkets	7	27
Carry-out eating places	2 <u>6</u>	24
Bars/Taverns	35	

Source: Kimberly Morland, et al. American Journal of Preventive Medicine, 2002.

⁴⁴It is unreasonable to expect that people will change their behavior *easily* when so many forces in the social, cultural, and physical environment conspire against such change."

Institute of Medicine

Copyright 2007, Rachel Davis, rachel@preventioninstitute.org

Preve





People

EQUITABLE OPPORTUNITY • Racial justice

Jobs & local ownership

Education



EQUITABLE OPPORTUNITY



Copyright 2007, Rachel Davis, rachel@preventioninstitute.org











Copyright 2007, Rachel Davis, rachel@preventioninstitute.org

THRIVE

Equitable Opportunit

People

Prevention

nstitute

PEOPLE

Social Networks & trust

 Participation & willingness to act for the common good

Acceptable behaviors & attitudes



1. But

My strength is not for hurting

> So when I wasn't sure how she felt,



MEN CAN STOP RAPE Respect, equality & peace. Everybody's got a right, were mencanotoprope org





Prevention Institute

Copyright 2007, Rachel Davis, rachel@preventioninstitute.org

TO

PILOT EVENT: Del Paso Heights

- **Pilot host:** Mutual Assistance Network of Del Paso Heights
- **Population:** 13,941
- Demographics: 35% African American;
 25% Southeast Asian; 20% Latino;
 15% Caucasian; 5% Samoan/American Indian

"THRIVE is a way to use community members' ideas and strengths to move things forward." —RICHARD L. DANA PILOT SITE REPRESENTATIVE





PILOT EVENT: Hidalgo County

Pilot host: Hidalgo Medical Services

Population: 6,000

Demographics:
 50% Latino; 50% White

"THRIVE has changed the way we view things. Resilience is the future for us. This has changed how we think about our youth and programs for them." —JAMES MARUFFO PILOT SITE REPRESENTATIVE



PILOT EVENT: East Harlem, South Bronx, Central Brooklyn

- **Pilot Host:** New York City District Public Health Offices
- Population: East Harlem:108,092; South Bronx: 290,052; Central Brooklyn:317,296

 Demographics: <u>East Harlem</u>: 55% Hispanic; 33% African American; 6% White; 3% Asian.
 <u>South Bronx</u>: 43% Hispanic; 28% White; 21% African American; 5% Asian.
 <u>Central Brooklyn</u>: 80% African American; 11% Hispanic; 5% White; 1% Asian

> "THRIVE could be a valuable framework to present to other departments to help them understand the health impact of their sectors." —ROGER HAYES PILOT SITE REPRESENTATIVE



(Comparison of Comparison o

Youth Pilot Participant

Prevention Institute

THRIVE Pilot Events: Selected 4-Month Outcomes

- Trained youth on the THRIVE resilience approach
- Launched a teen center
- Established county-wide mentoring program
- Initiated farmers' markets
- Enhanced public health and housing partnerships
- Assessed health impact in planning decisions



THRIVE Pilot Events: Overarching Outcomes

- Contributes to a broad vision about community health
- Confirms value of upstream approaches
- Challenges traditional thinking about health promotion
- Is a good tool for strategic planning at community and organizational levels

 Organizes difficult concepts and enables systematic planning

🙆 THRIVE: Factor Tool - Windows Internet Explorer

🊖 🏤



_ 8 × - م

🔍 100% 🔻

Prevention

institute







Copyright 2007, Rachel Davis, rachel@preventioninstitute.org



THRIVE: R	acial Justice Action Menu - Windows Internet Explorer	르비스
- 00	😰 http://www.preventioninstitute.org/thrive/actions/act_racial_justice.php 💽 🛃 🗙 Live Search	
	Prevention Institute THRIVE	
	THRIVE Action Menu Tool for Health and Resilience In Vulnerable Environments	

Racial Justice

Policies and organizational practices that foster equitable opportunities and services for all; positive relations between people of different races and ethnic backgrounds

Relations between and among people take place in a context of institutional bias and discrimination. This context impacts how communities are served and how individuals are treated. Efforts to promote healthy behaviors in low-income communities and improve the environment can be made effective by addressing interpersonal, intergroup, institutional, and structural racism, bias, and discrimination. Communities can address racism, bias and discrimination by promoting trust and understanding between community members, by assessing and taking steps to understand institutional racism within the community, and by ensuring that community members understand the role that racism and economic and educational privilege plays in influencing both opportunity and institutional practices. Addressing other factors without addressing this critical issue can contribute to powerlessness, division, and alienation.

Sample Action Menu

- Address divisions among residents of neighborhoods that impede efforts to build trust and the sense of community required to effectively advocate for needed change.
- Ensure that CBOs and public institutions, such as health clinics, schools, law enforcement, and parks are not, whether actually or perceptually, serving one group of residents to the detriment of the other.
- Engage in activities, which build trust across segments of the population in a community.
- Build a sense of community based on place, rather than race or ethnicity. Otherwise, neighborhood efforts to address health related goals can be fractionalized.
- Create means for communities to begin to address discrimination within their boundaries and foster positive ethnic and racial relations.
- To the extent that there are positive relations, people within diverse communities can work together to achieve change that will impact the overall well being of the community.
- Form multiracial task forces to investigate examples of racism within the community's banking, education, health, legal system, criminal justice and social service systems and to identify first targets for action.¹ and create groups to monitor the practices or institutions that serve the community (i.e. the lending
- practices of banks in communities of color.)²
 Through regular public gatherings, familiarize community members with a shared analysis of racial and cultural needs and issues, discuss members' opinions of how institution of the shared and shared analysis of racial and cultural needs and issues, discuss members' opinions of how institution.

Done

Copyright 2007, Rachel Davis, rachel@preventioninstitute.org

Preve

100%

This work is supported by:

The California Endowment

The Office of Minority Health – U.S. Department of Health and Human Services

The Community Technology Foundation of California

Prevention Institute

Putting prevention at the center of community well-being

www.preventioninstitute.org www.eatbettermovemore.org

> 221 Oak Street Oakland, California 94607 phone: 510-444-7738 fax: 510-663-1280