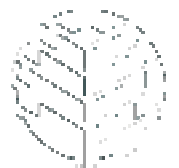


Neighborhood Characteristics of Poisoning

Howell Sasser
Marcy Nussbaum
Travis Haney
Michael Beuhler
Marsha Ford

Carolinas Medical Center
Charlotte, NC



Potential poisons are common...

Household products

Agricultural chemicals

Fuels

Natural substances

Pollutants

Rx & OTC drugs



Poison Control Centers

61 nationwide

800 number → sorting

Callers

- Individuals
- Physicians' offices
- Hospitals

>2,000,000 calls per year



Information Collected

Basic demographics

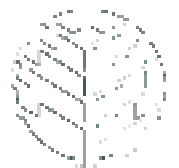
Includes some location data

Available details about the agent

(+/- confirmation after the fact)

Any treatments/antidotes given

Symptoms

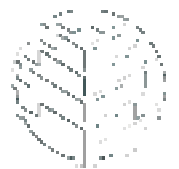


...but actual poisonings are rare

Makes generalization for policy a problem

Individual event characteristics are difficult to interpret

Aggregation is needed

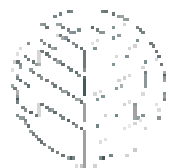


Geographical Representation of Data

Combines mapping and database information
Intuitive interpretation of results
Useful for targeting programs

But...

Assumption of homogeneity
Lots of drill-down may be needed



Data for this analysis

TESS

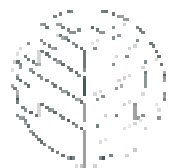
Call database maintained by the American Association of Poison Control Centers

Claritas

Proprietary database containing demographic characteristics

ARC-MAP

GIS program & source of geographic features



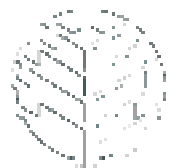
Data for this analysis

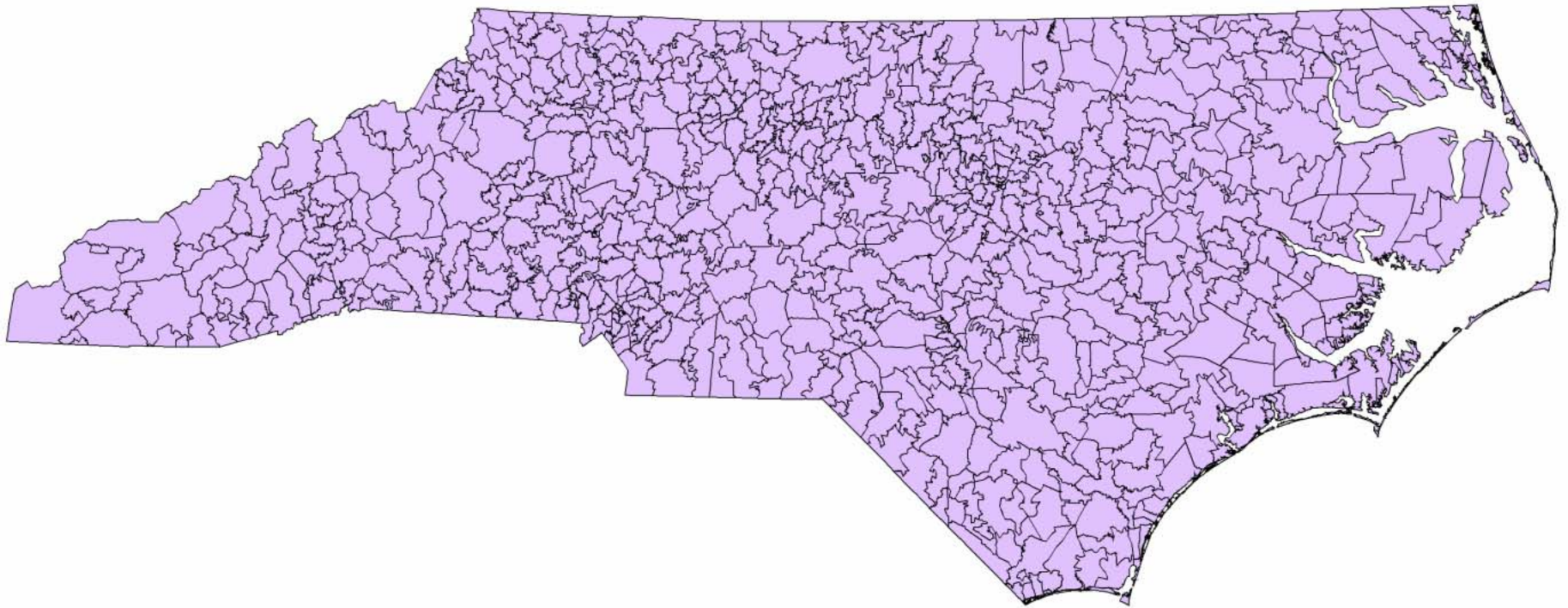
January-December 2005 Data

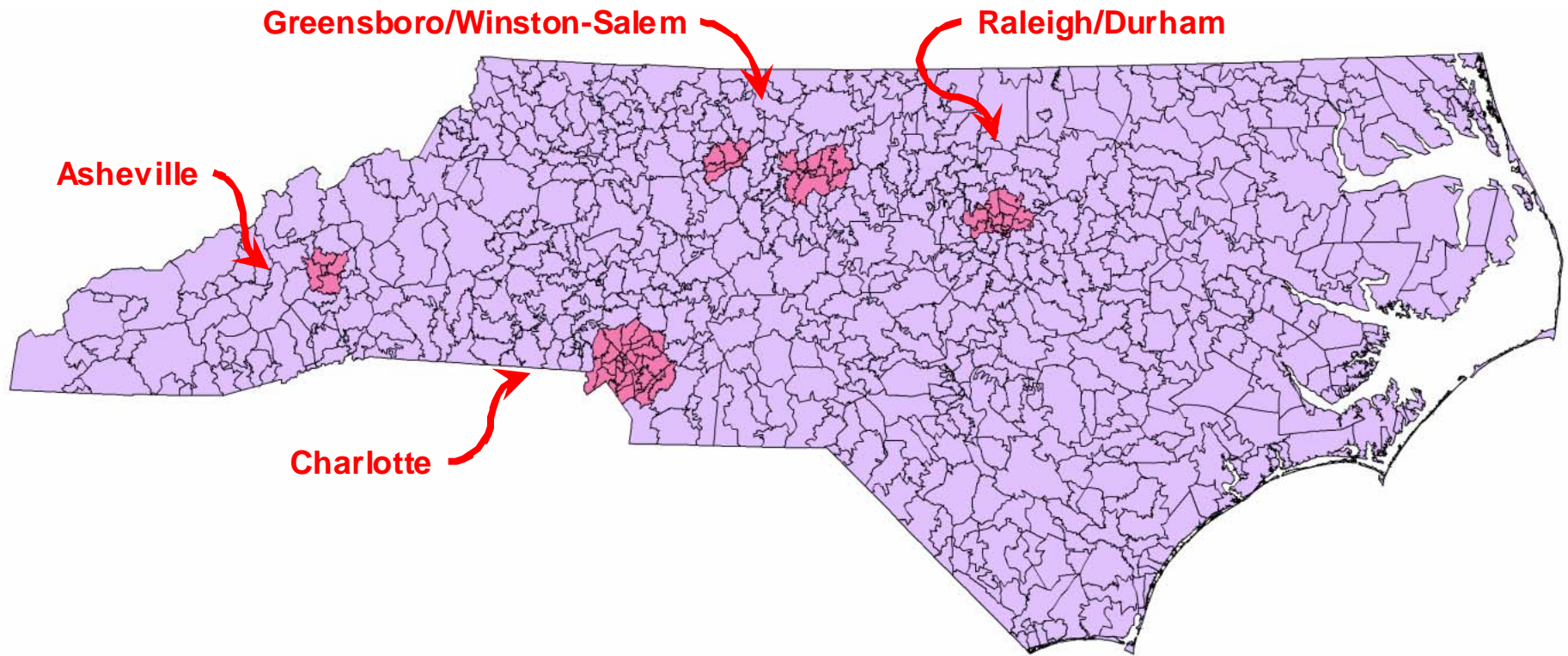
70,963 unique observations

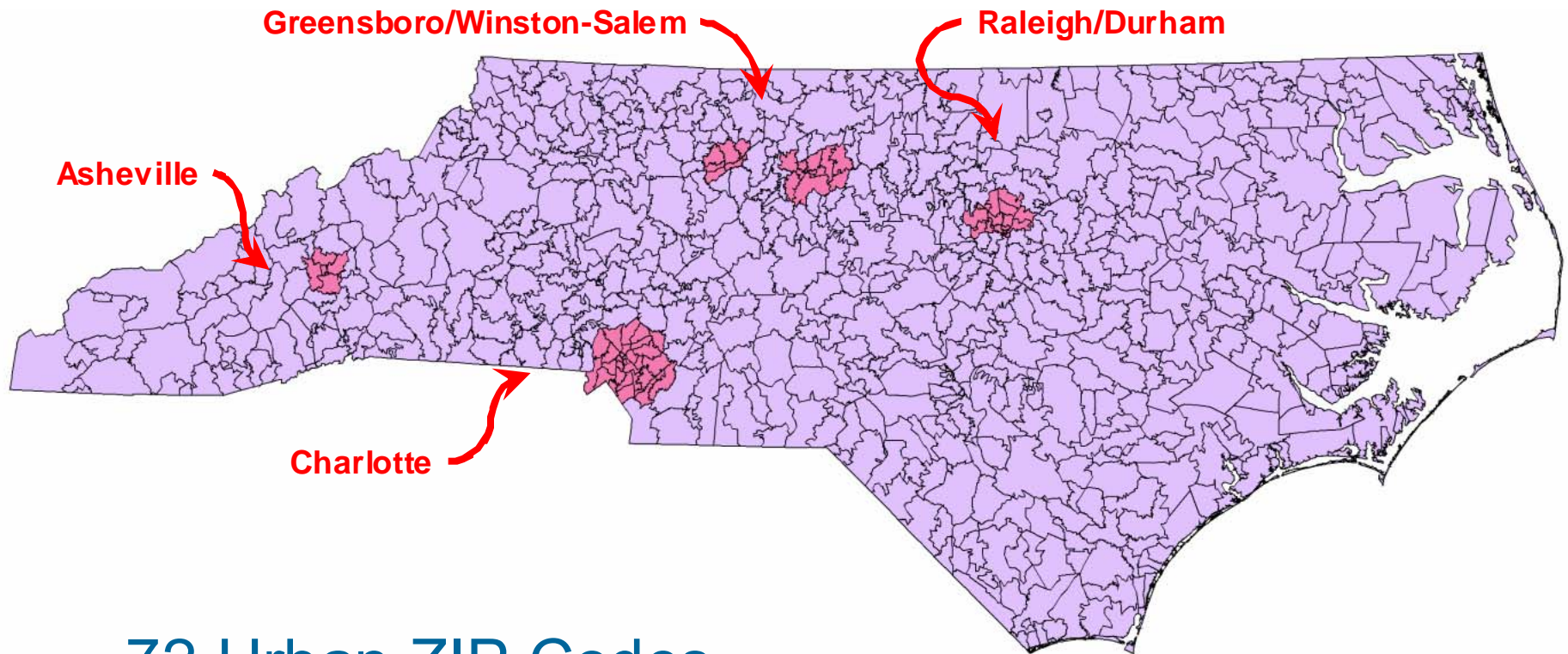
Three categories chosen for analysis:

Household cleaners	N=4,546
Prescription drugs	N=9,315
Herbicides & pesticides	N=1,889

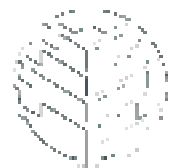




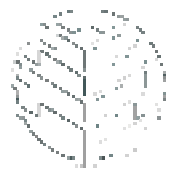
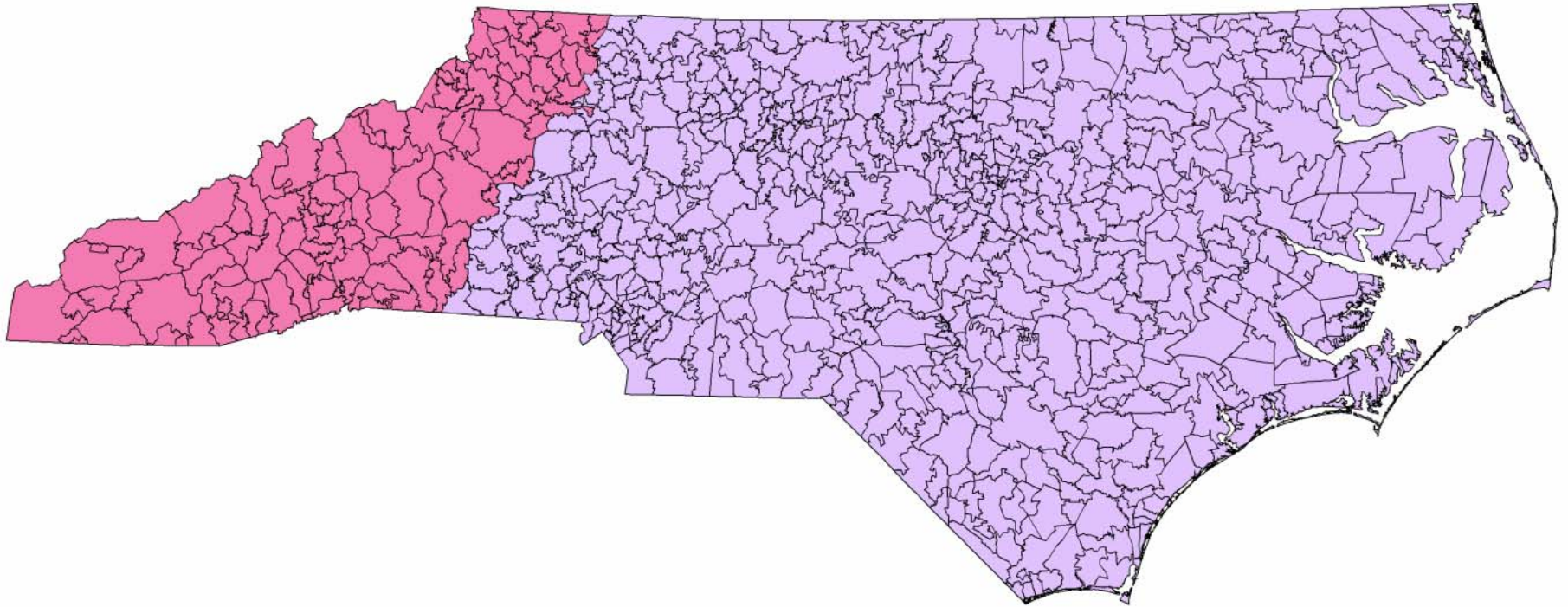




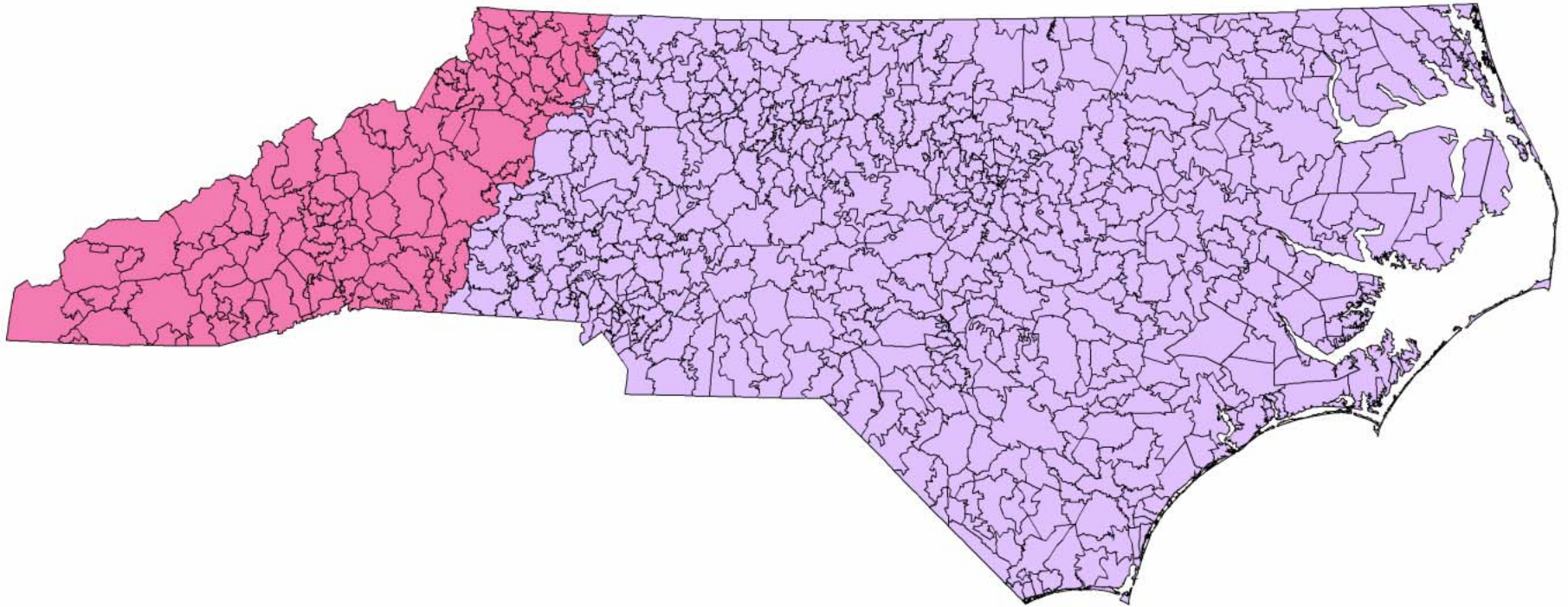
72 Urban ZIP Codes
563 Rural ZIP Codes



Appalachia

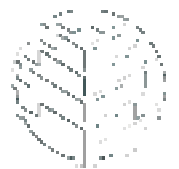


Appalachia

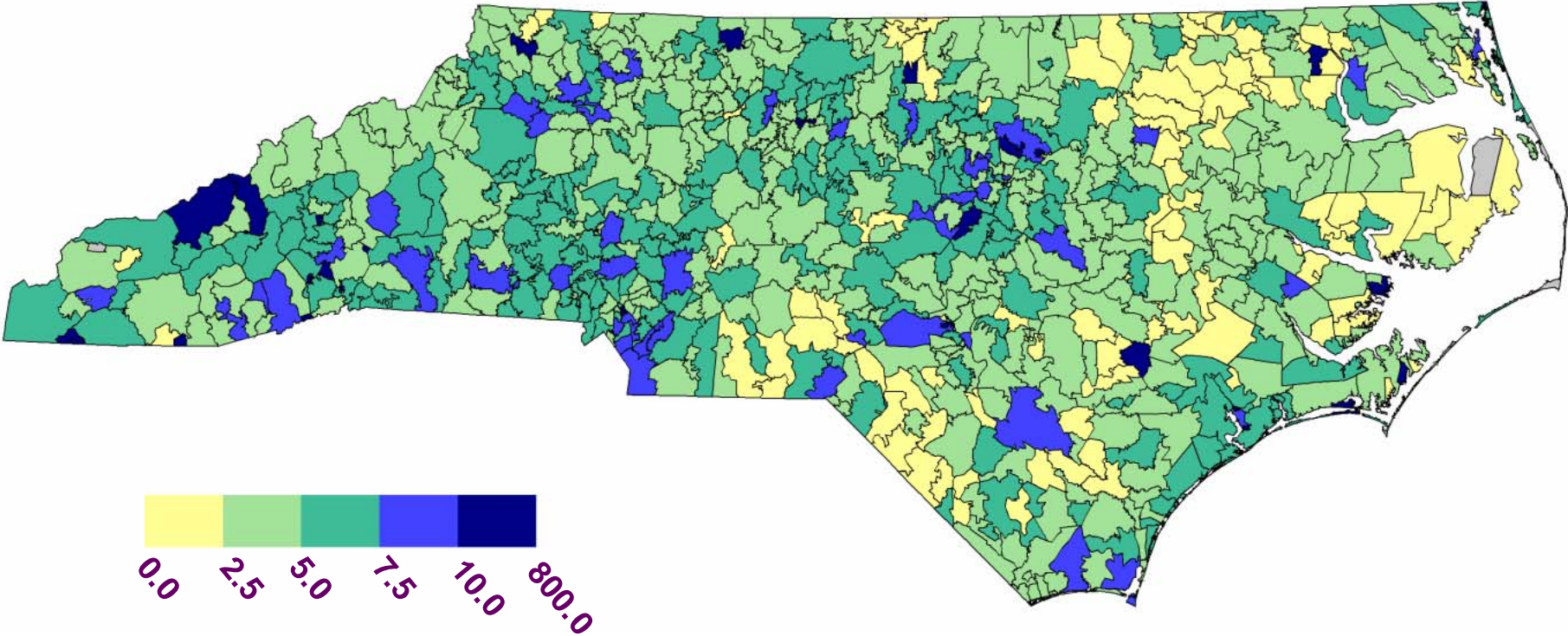


123 Appalachian ZIP Codes

512 Non-Appalachian ZIP Codes

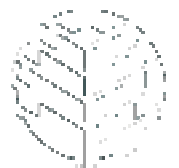


Poison Calls per 1,000 Population by ZIP Code



Calls Involving Household Cleaners

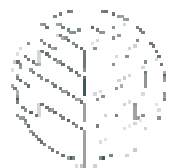
- Bleach
- Soap (Bar)
- Disinfectants
- Alkaline Cleaners (ex. Drano[®], Easy-Off[®])
- Glass Cleaners
- Polishes & Waxes
- Rust Removers



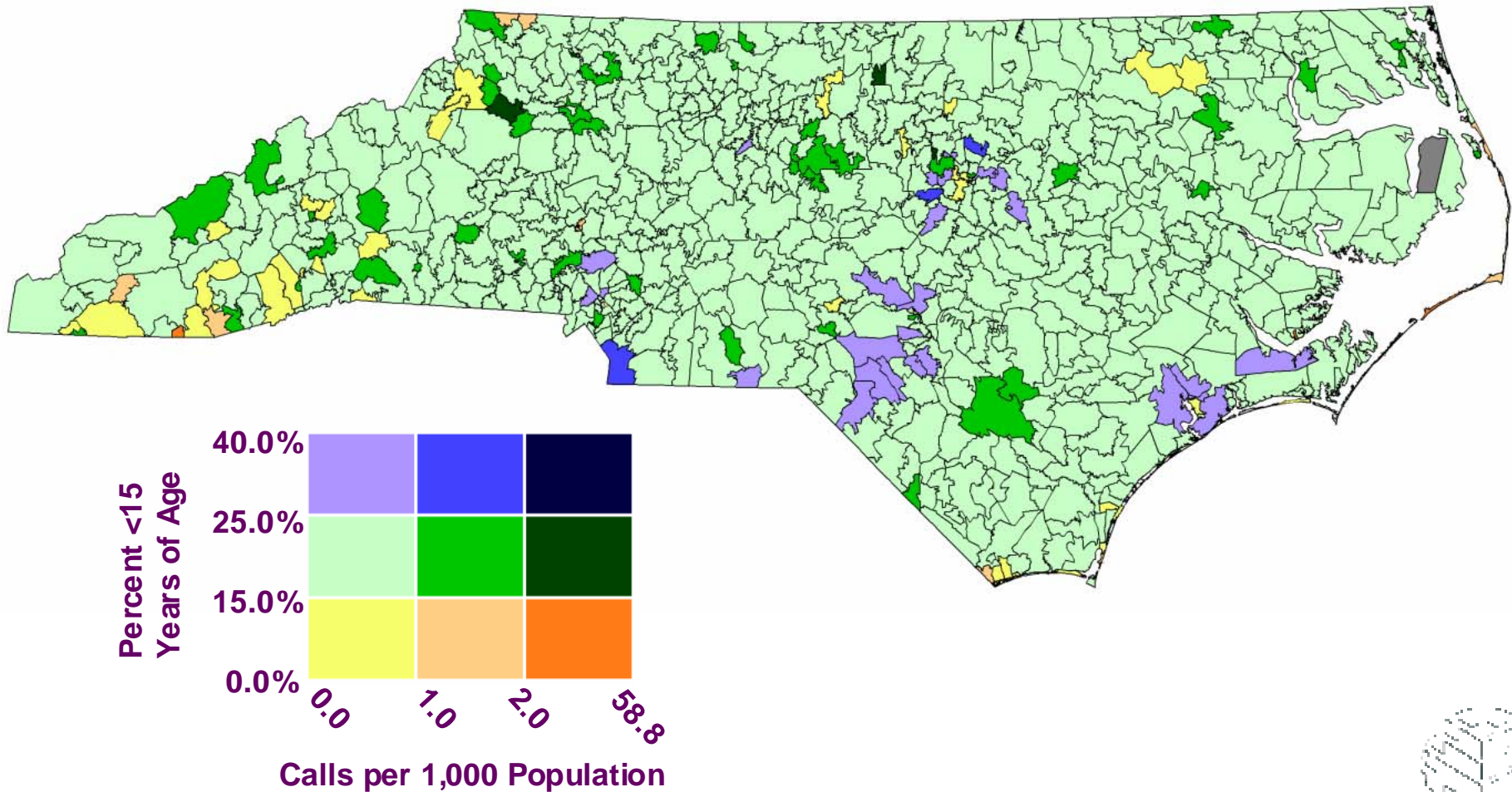
Calls Involving Household Cleaners

Demographic Characteristics

- Percent population less than 15 years of age
- Percent population with less than a high school diploma
- Percent population living in poverty (federal definition)



Calls Involving Poisonings with Household Cleaners By ZIP Code and Percent Population <15 Years of Age



Household Cleaners – Age <15

ZIP Code as unit of analysis

Percent <15 Years of Age		Poison Calls per 1,000 Population		
		0 to <1	1 to <2	≥2
≥25%		30 88.2%	3 8.8%	1 2.9%
15-24.99%		462 89.9%	47 9.1%	5 1.0%
0-14.99%		33 70.2%	10 21.3%	4 8.5%

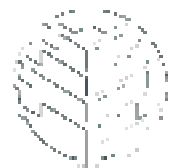
p=0.0007



Household Cleaners – Age <15

ZIP Code as unit of analysis

Percent <15 Years of Age		Poison Calls per 1,000 Population			p=0.0037
		0 to <1	1 to <2	≥2	
≥25%	30 88.2%	3 8.8%	1 2.9%		
15-24.99%	462 89.9%	47 9.1%	5 1.0%		
0-14.99%	33 70.2%	10 21.3%	4 8.5%		

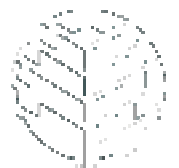


Household Cleaners – Age <15

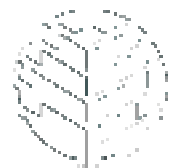
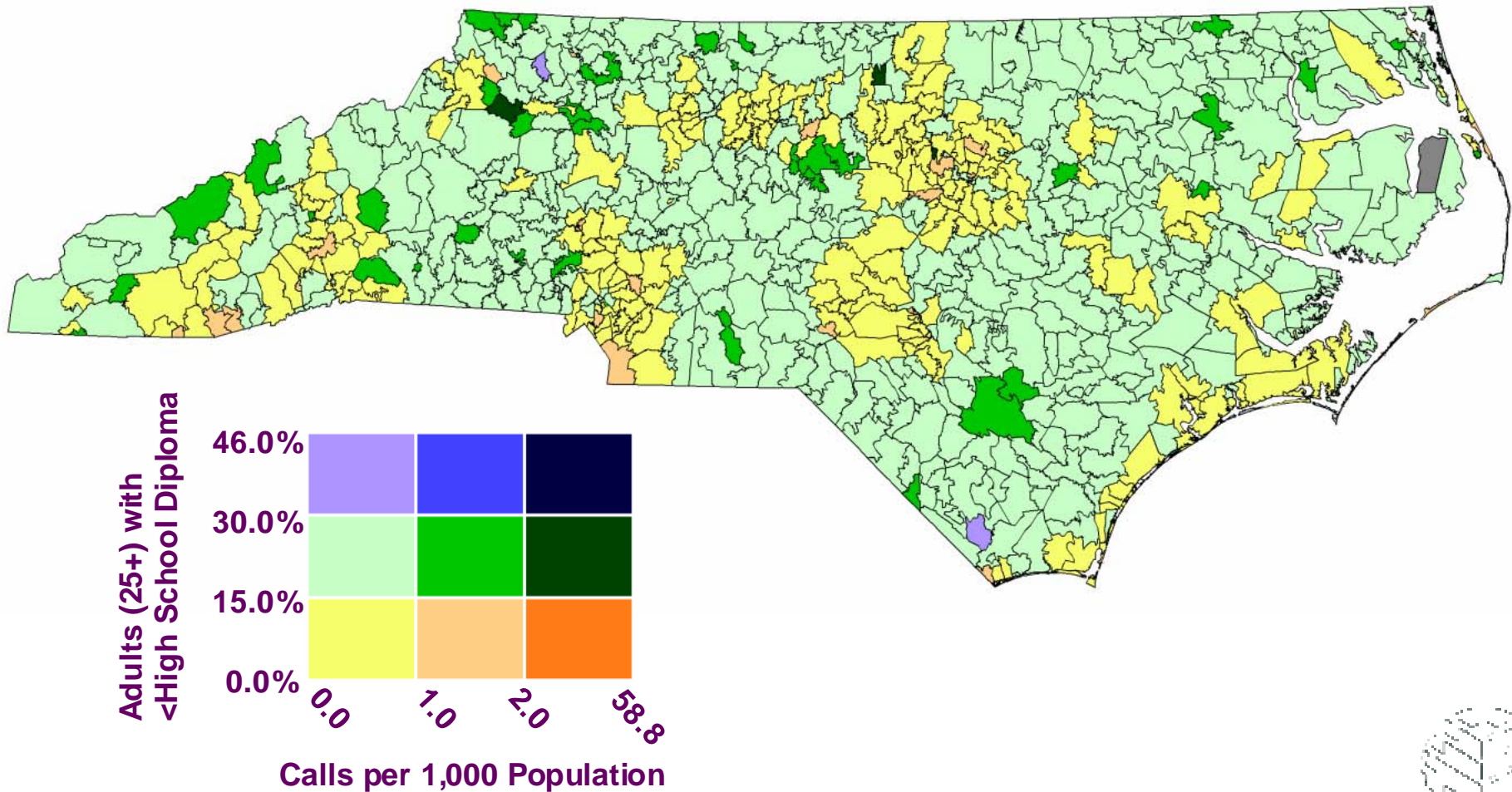
ZIP Code as unit of analysis

Urban	63 87.50%	9 12.50%	p=0.67
Rural	502 89.20%	61 10.80%	
	0 to 1	≥1	

Poison Calls per
1,000 Population



Calls Involving Poisonings with Household Cleaners By ZIP Code and Educational Attainment



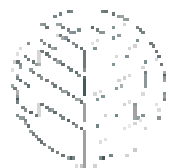
Household Cleaners – Education

ZIP Code as unit of analysis

		0 to <1	1 to <2	≥2
Percent <High School Diploma	≥25%	2 66.7%	1 33.3%	0 0.0%
	15-24.99%	308 87.7%	39 11.1%	4 1.1%
	0-14.99%	215 89.2%	20 8.3%	6 2.5%

p=0.19

Poison Calls per 1,000 Population

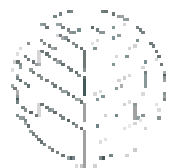


Household Cleaners - Education

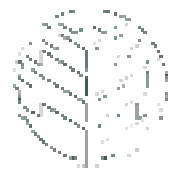
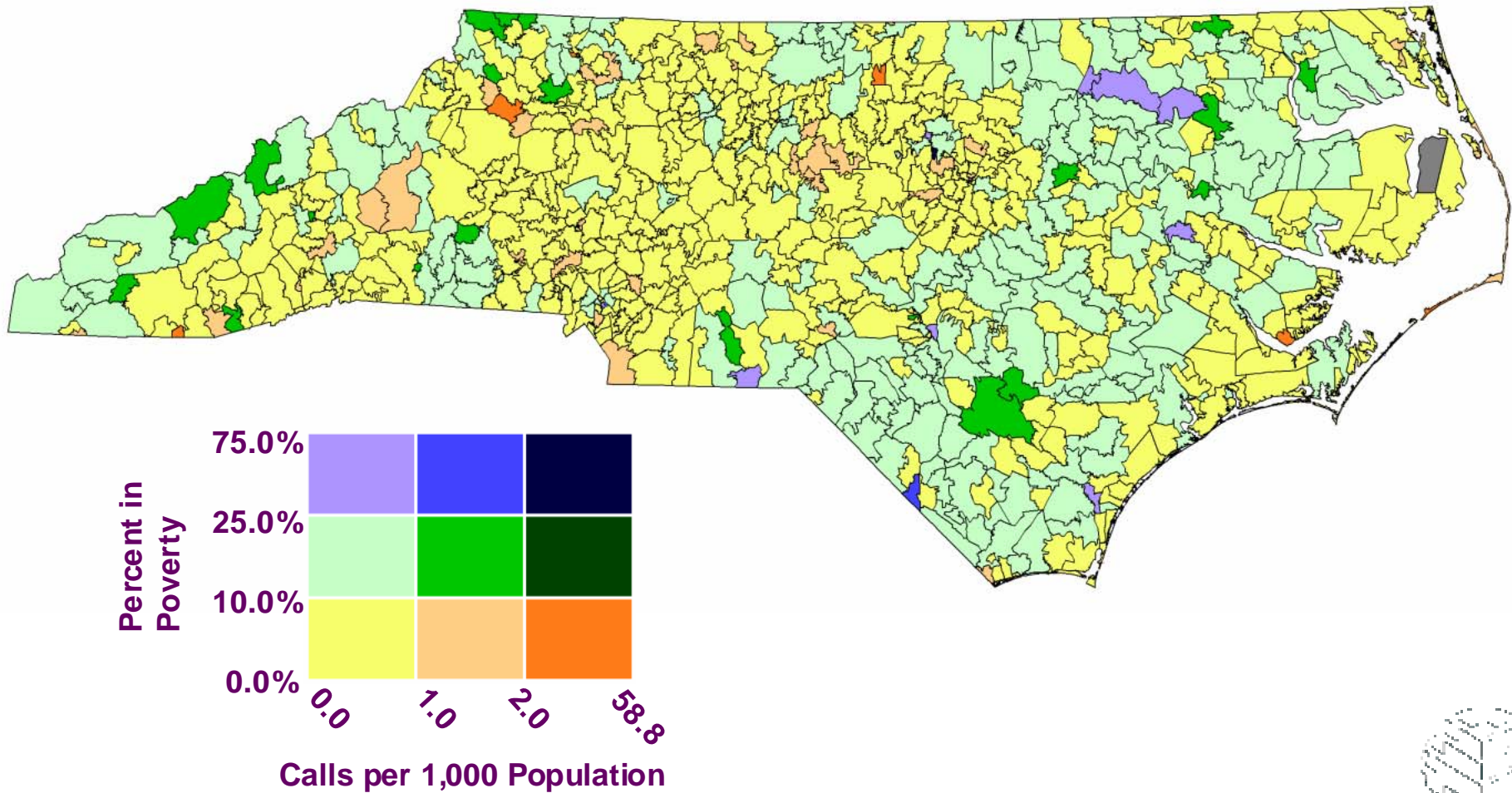
ZIP Code as unit of analysis

Urban	64 88.90%	8 11.10%	p=0.98
Rural	501 89.00%	62 11.00%	
	0 to 1	≥1	

Poison Calls per
1,000 Population



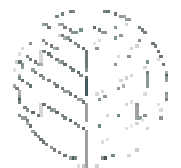
Calls Involving Poisonings with Household Cleaners By ZIP Code and Percent Population Living in Poverty



Household Cleaners - Poverty

ZIP Code as unit of analysis

Percent in Poverty		Poison Calls per 1,000 Population			p=0.16
		0 to <1	1 to <2	≥2	
≥25%	10 71.4%	3 21.4%	1 7.1%		
10-24.99%	214 90.3%	21 8.9%	2 0.8%		
0-9.99%	301 87.5%	36 10.5%	7 2.0%		

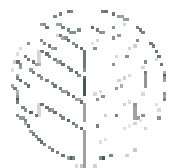


Household Cleaners - Poverty

ZIP Code as unit of analysis

Urban	65 90.30%	7 9.70%	p=0.71
Rural	500 88.80%	63 11.20%	
	0 to 1	≥1	

Poison Calls per
1,000 Population



Calls Involving Prescription Drugs

- Benzodiazepines
- Antibiotics
- SSRIs
- Atypical Antipsychotics
- Other Antidepressants
- Anticonvulsants
- Beta Blockers



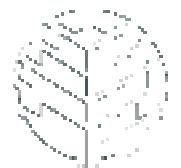
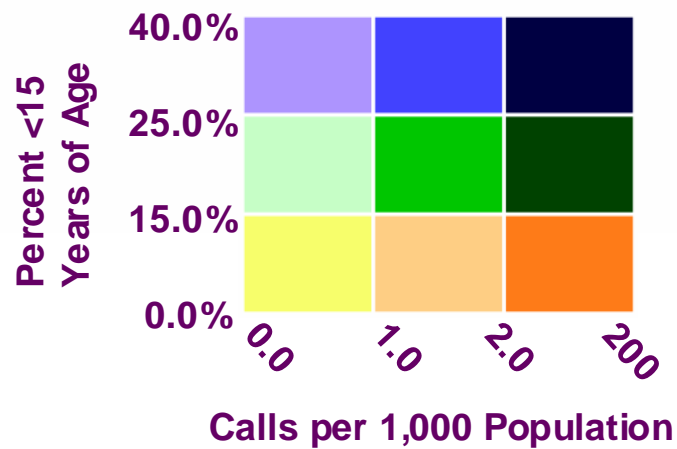
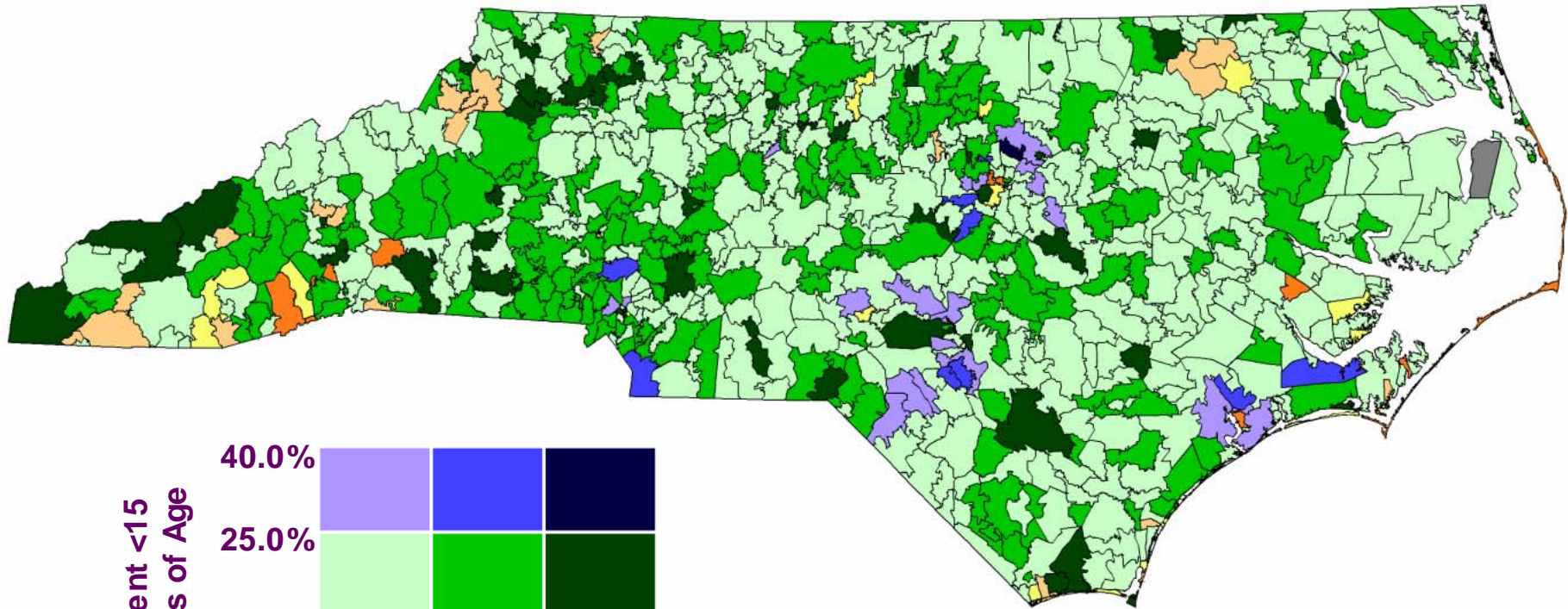
Calls Involving Prescription Drugs

Demographic Characteristics

- Percent population less than 15 years of age
- Percent population greater than 65 years of age
- Percent population with less than a high school diploma
- Percent population living in poverty



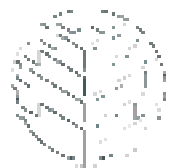
Calls Involving Poisonings with Prescription Drugs By ZIP Code and Percent Population <15 Years of Age



Prescription Drugs – Age <15

ZIP Code as unit of analysis

Percent <15 Years of Age		Poison Calls per 1,000 Population		
		0 to <1	1 to <2	≥2
≥25%	22 68.8%	9 28.1%	1 3.1%	p=0.0021
15-24.99%	314 56.9%	194 35.1%	44 8.0%	
0-14.99%	22 43.1%	17 33.3%	12 23.5%	

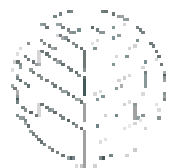


Prescription Drugs – Age <15

ZIP Code as unit of analysis

Urban	40 55.60%	32 44.40%	p=0.88
Rural	318 56.50%	245 43.50%	
	0 to 1	≥1	

Poison Calls per
1,000 Population

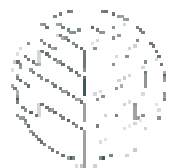


Prescription Drugs – Age <15

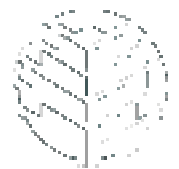
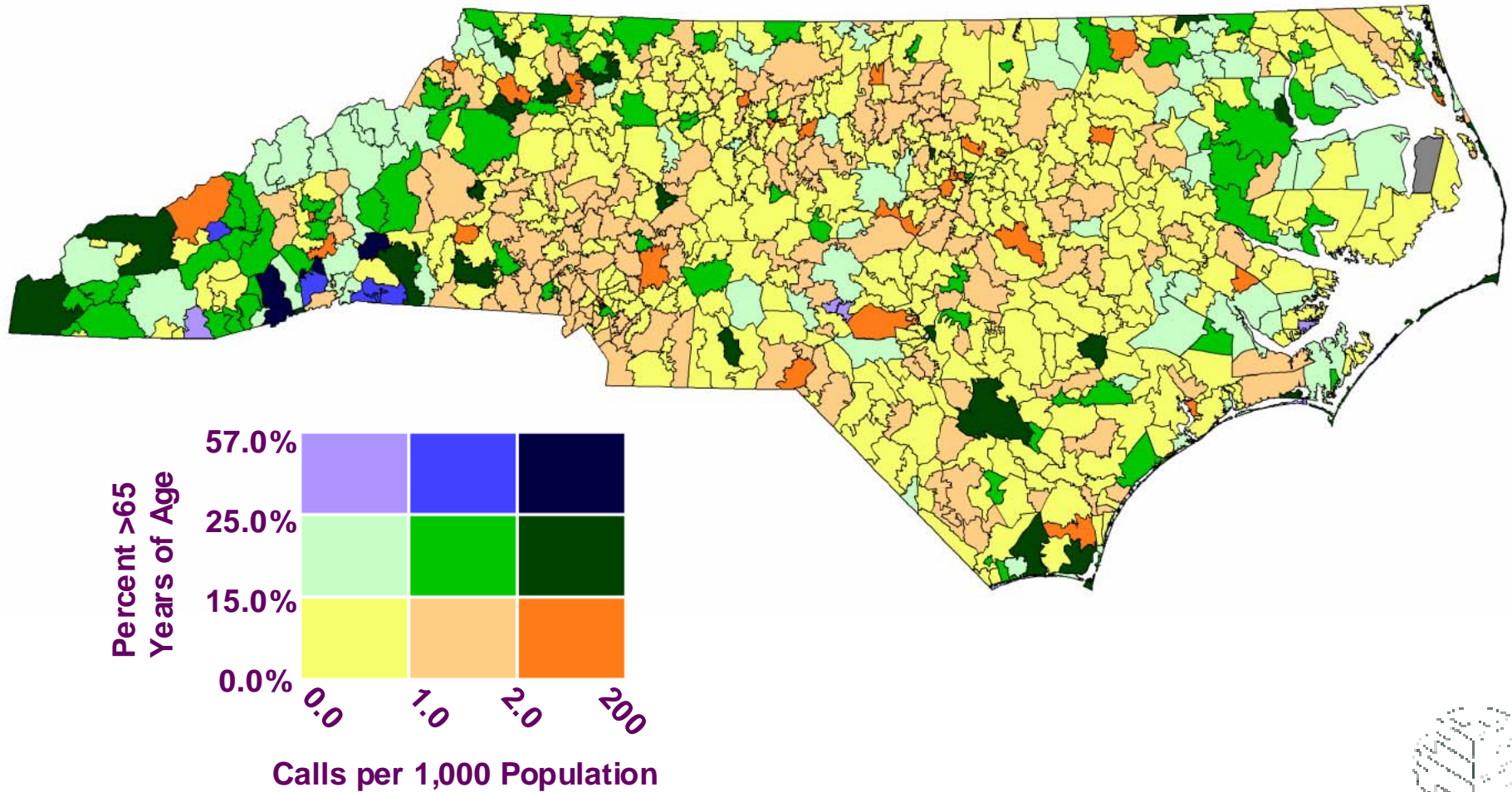
ZIP Code as unit of analysis

Appalachian	60 48.80%	63 51.20%	p=0.0585
Non-Appalachian	298 57.90%	214 41.60%	
	0 to 1	≥1	

Poison Calls per
1,000 Population



Calls Involving Poisonings with Prescription Drugs By ZIP Code and Percent Population >65 Years of Age



Prescription Drugs – Age >65

ZIP Code as unit of analysis

Percent >65 Years of Age		Poison Calls per 1,000 Population		
		0 to <1	1 to <2	≥2
≥25%		8 50.0%	3 18.8%	5 31.3%
15-24.99%		79 46.2%	68 39.8%	24 14.0%
0-14.99%		271 60.5%	149 33.3%	28 6.3%

p=0.0001

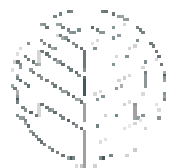


Prescription Drugs – Age >65

ZIP Code as unit of analysis

Urban	37 51.40%	35 48.60%	p=0.36
Rural	321 57.00%	242 87.40%	
	0 to 1	≥1	

Poison Calls per
1,000 Population

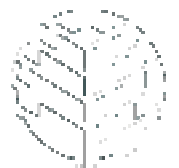


Prescription Drugs – Age >65

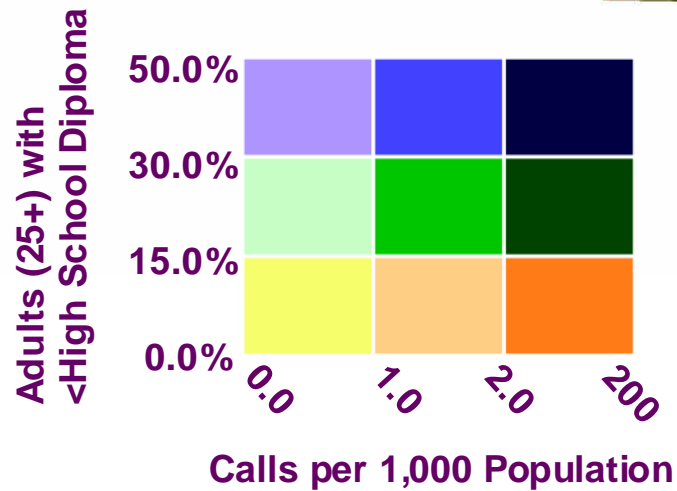
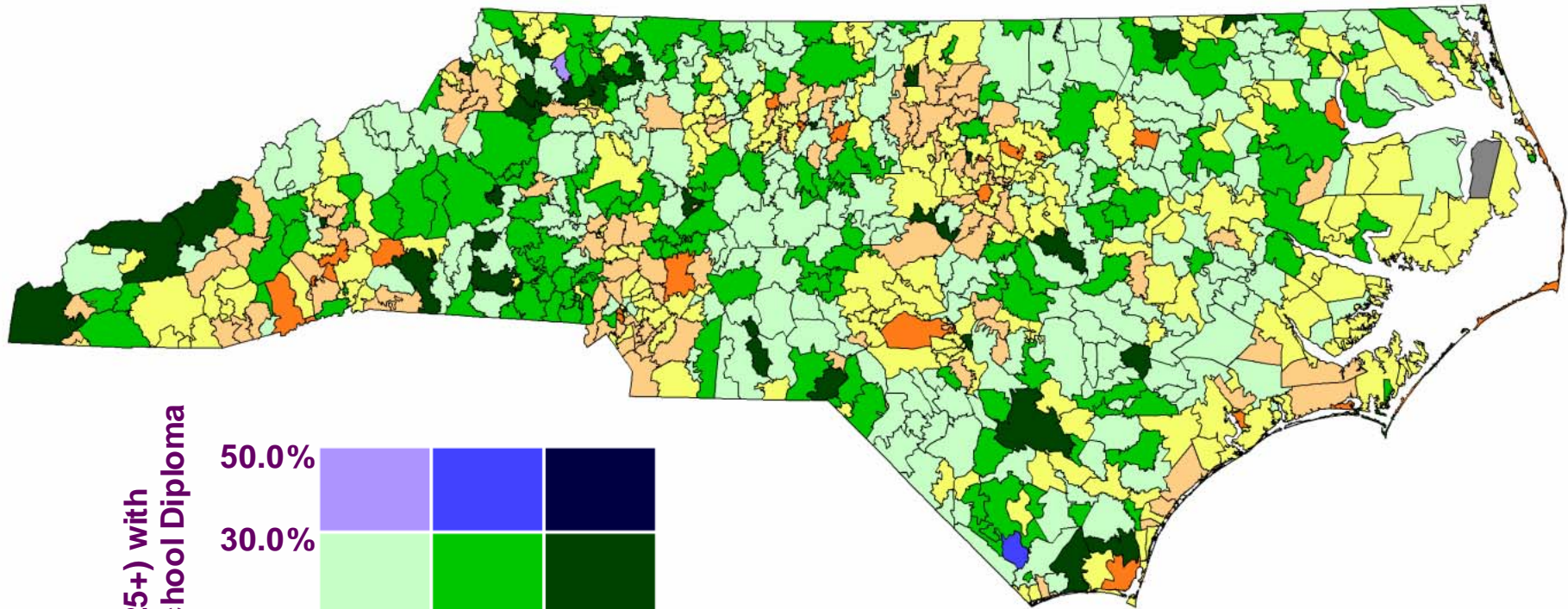
ZIP Code as unit of analysis

Appalachian	58 47.20%	65 52.90%	p=0.0216
Non-Appalachian	300 58.60%	212 41.40%	
	0 to 1	≥1	

Poison Calls per
1,000 Population



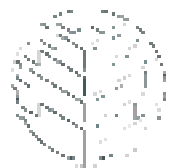
Calls Involving Poisonings with Prescription Drugs By ZIP Code and Educational Attainment



Prescription Drugs - Education

ZIP Code as unit of analysis

		Poison Calls per 1,000 Population			
		0 to <1	1 to <2	≥ 2	
Percent <High School Diploma	$\geq 30\%$	1 50.0%	1 50.0%	0 0.0%	p=0.89
	15-29.99%	220 57.6%	130 34.0%	32 8.4%	
	0-14.99%	137 54.6%	89 35.5%	25 10.0%	

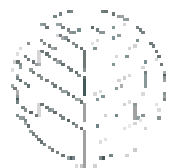


Prescription Drugs - Education

ZIP Code as unit of analysis

Urban	39 54.20%	33 45.80%	p=0.69
Rural	319 56.70%	244 43.30%	
	0 to 1	≥1	

Poison Calls per
1,000 Population

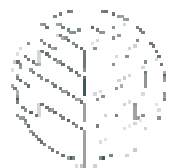


Prescription Drugs - Education

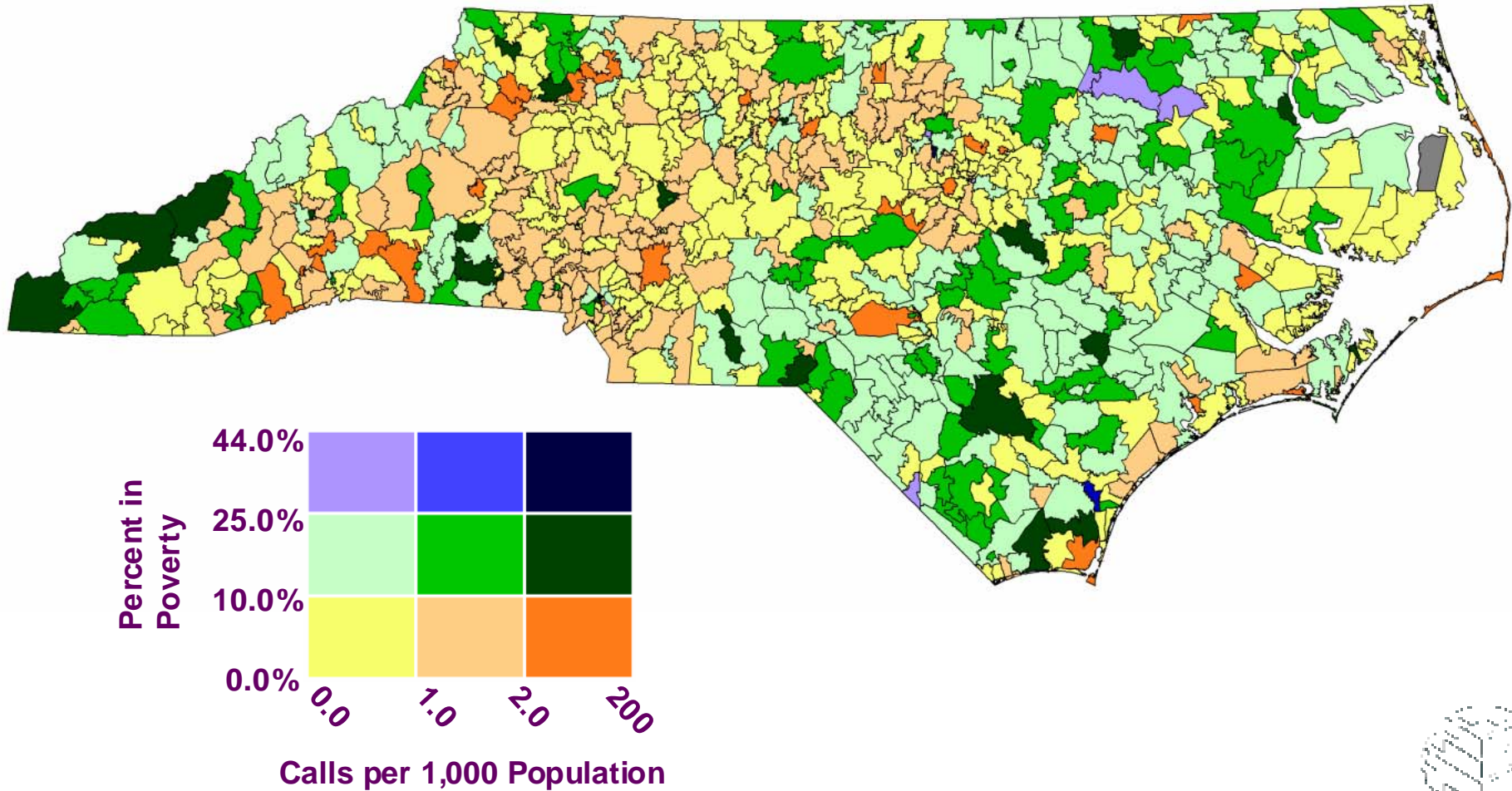
ZIP Code as unit of analysis

Appalachian	58 47.20%	65 52.90%	p=0.0216
Non-Appalachian	300 58.60%	212 41.40%	
	0 to 1	≥1	

Poison Calls per
1,000 Population



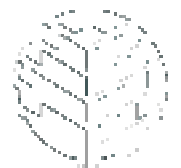
Calls Involving Poisonings with Prescription Drugs By ZIP Code and Percent Population Living in Poverty



Prescription Drugs - Poverty

ZIP Code as unit of analysis

Percent in Poverty	≥25%	8 61.5%	1 7.7%	4 30.8%	p=0.0007
	10-24.99%	159 59.6%	86 32.2%	22 8.2%	
	0-9.99%	170 47.4%	155 43.2%	34 9.5%	
		0 to <1	1 to <2	≥2	
Poison Calls per 1,000 Population					

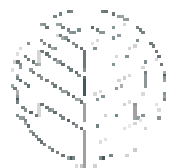


Prescription Drugs - Poverty

ZIP Code as unit of analysis

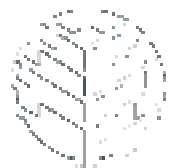
Urban	39 54.20%	33 45.80%	p=0.76
Rural	294 52.20%	269 47.80%	
	0 to 1	≥1	

Poison Calls per
1,000 Population



Calls Involving Herbicides & Pesticides

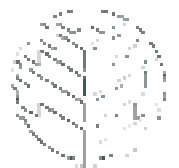
- Pyrethroids
- Other Insecticides
- Organophosphates
- Rodenticides
- Diquat/Paraquat
- Fungicides



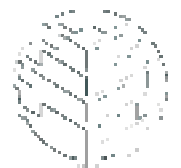
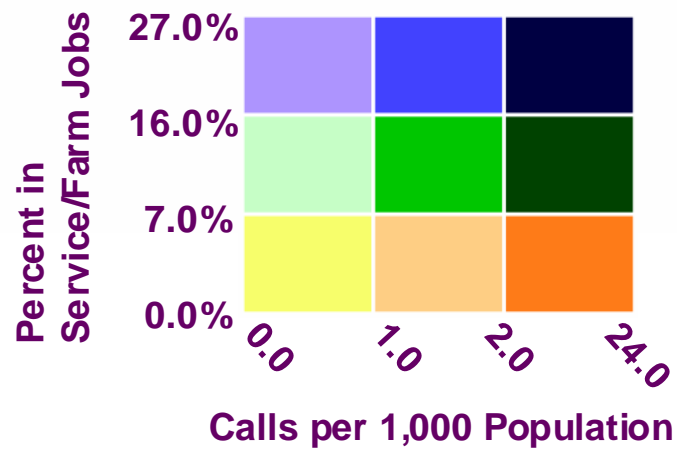
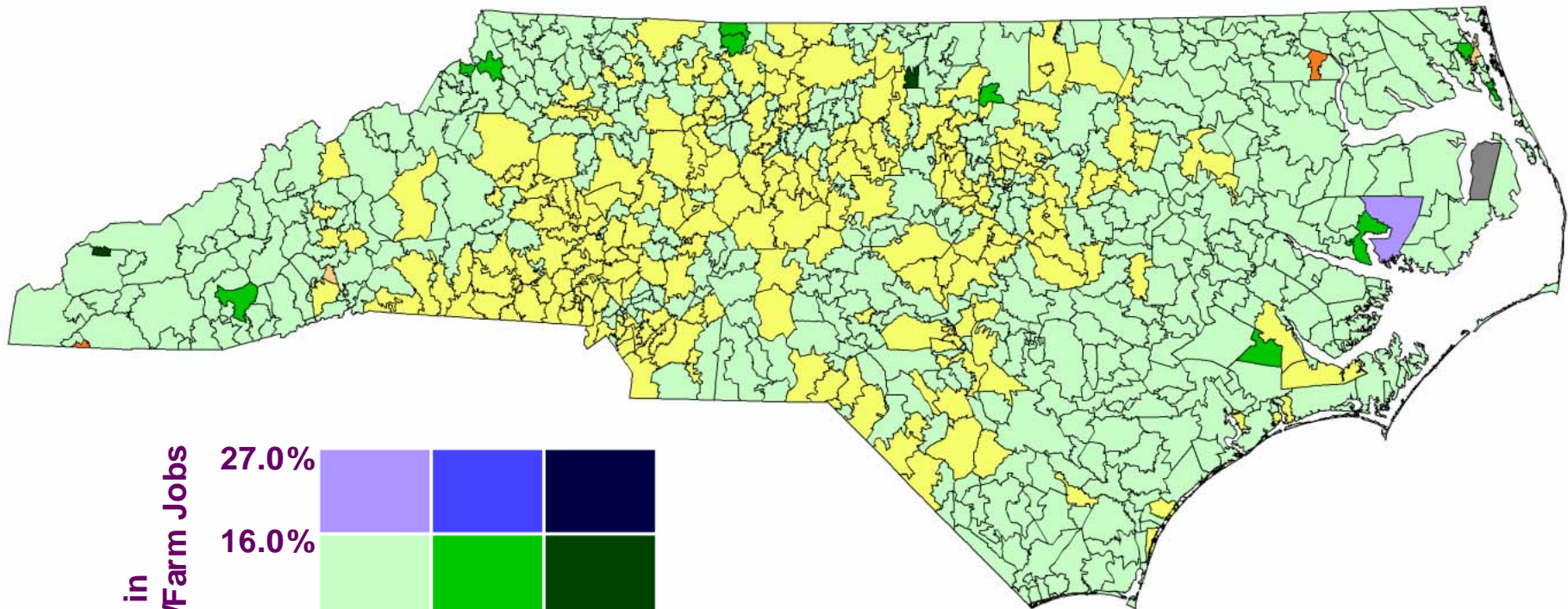
Calls Involving Herbicides & Pesticides

Demographic Characteristics

- Percent working in service/farm jobs
- Percent working age (>15 and <65)
- Percent population with less than a high school diploma
- Percent population living in poverty



Calls Involving Poisonings with Herbicides & Pesticides By ZIP Code and Percent Working in Service/Farm Jobs

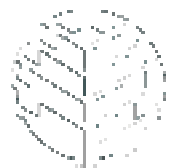


Herbicides & Pesticides – Service/Farm

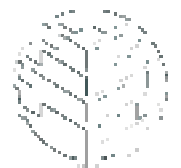
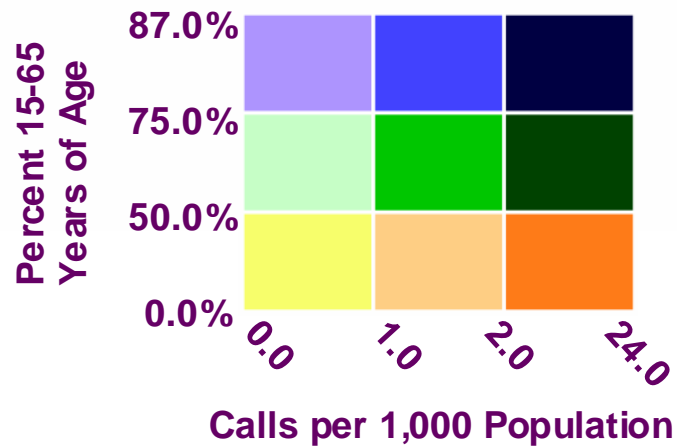
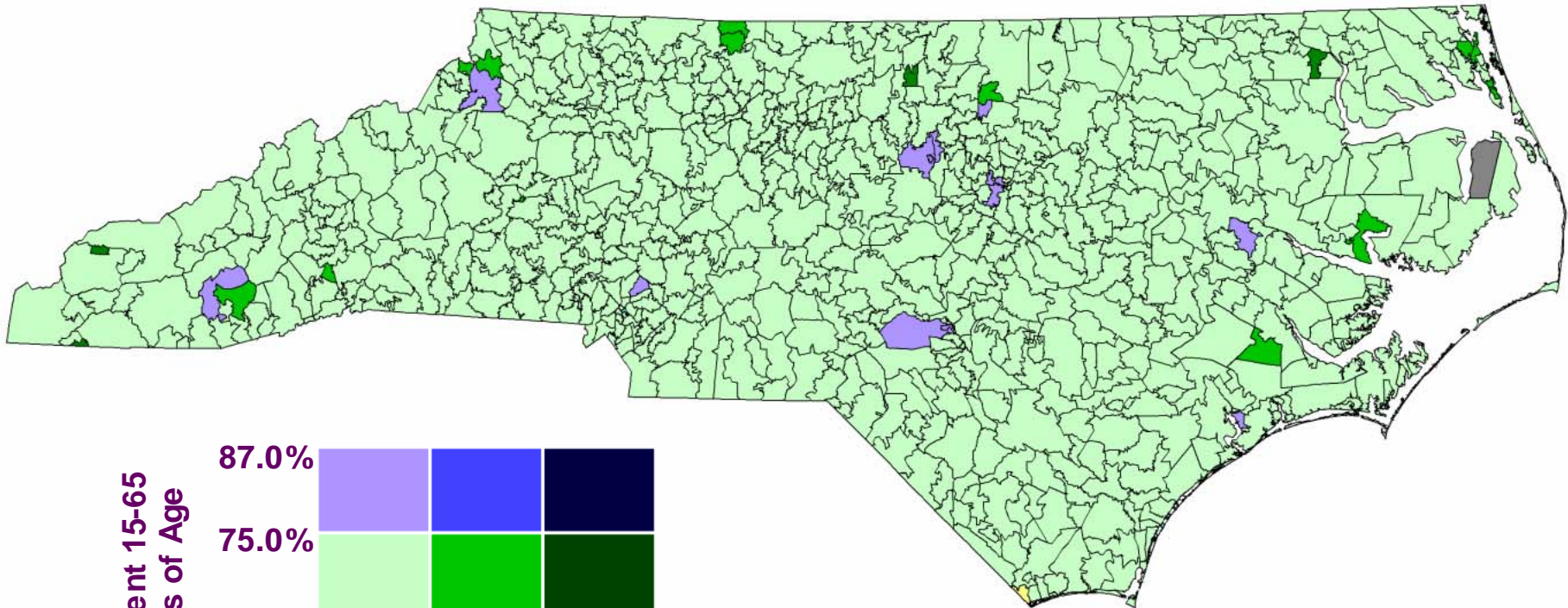
ZIP Code as unit of analysis

Percent Working In Farm & Service Jobs	$\geq 15\%$	1 50.0%	0 0.0%	1 50.0%	(p=0.0110)
	7-15.99%	263 95.3%	11 4.0%	2 0.7%	
	0-6.99%	214 97.7%	3 1.4%	2 0.9%	
		0 to <1	1 to <2	≥ 2	

Poison Calls per 1,000 Population



Calls Involving Poisonings with Herbicides & Pesticides By ZIP Code and Population of Working Age (15-65)



Herbicides & Pesticides – Working Age

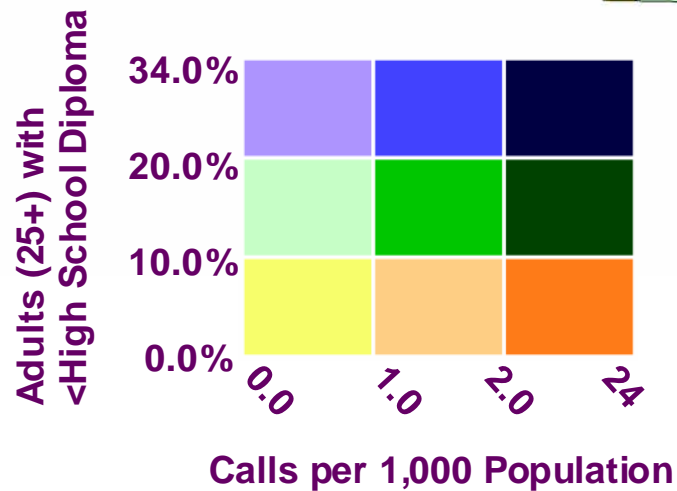
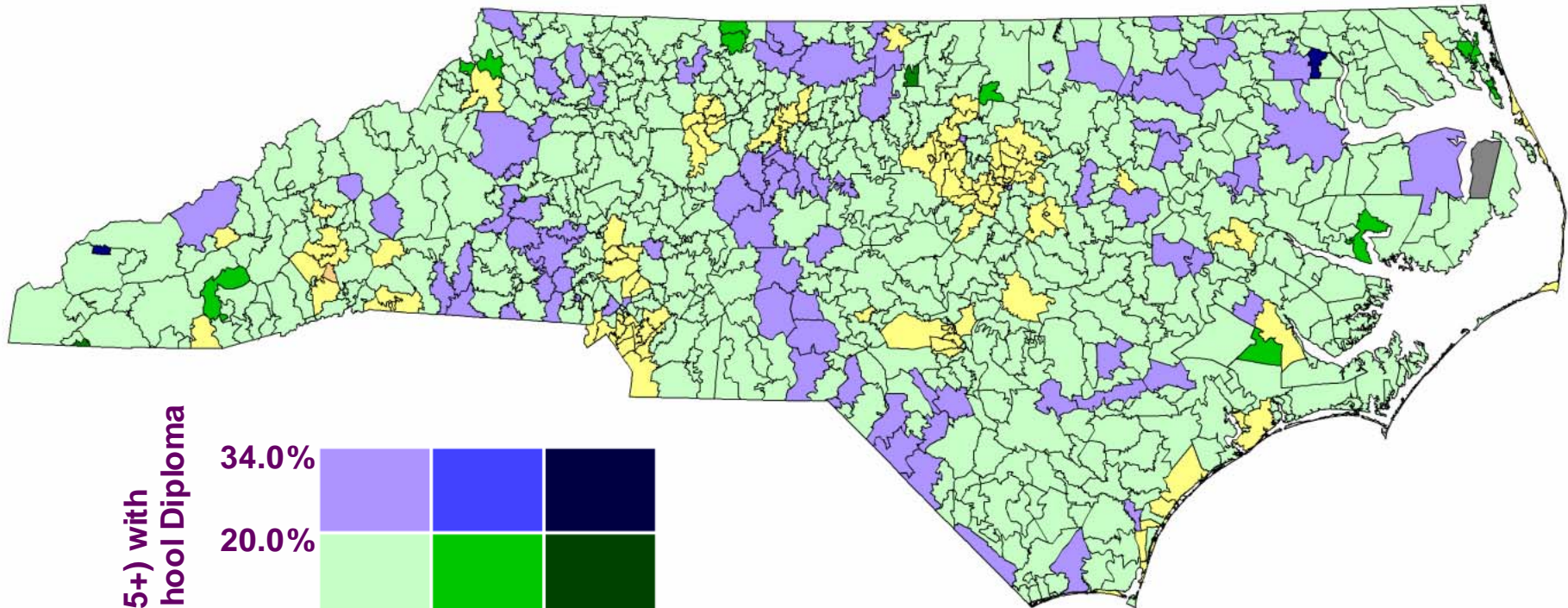
ZIP Code as unit of analysis

Percent Between 15 & 65 Years of Age		Poison Calls per 1,000 Population		
		0 to <1	1 to <2	≥2
≥75%		15 100.0%	0 0.0%	0 0.0%
50-74.99%		461 96.0%	14 2.9%	5 1.0%
0-49.99%		2 100.0%	0 0.0%	0 0.0%

Poison Calls per 1,000 Population



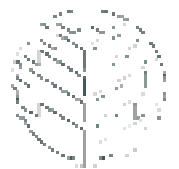
Calls Involving Poisonings with Herbicides & Pesticides By ZIP Code and Educational Attainment



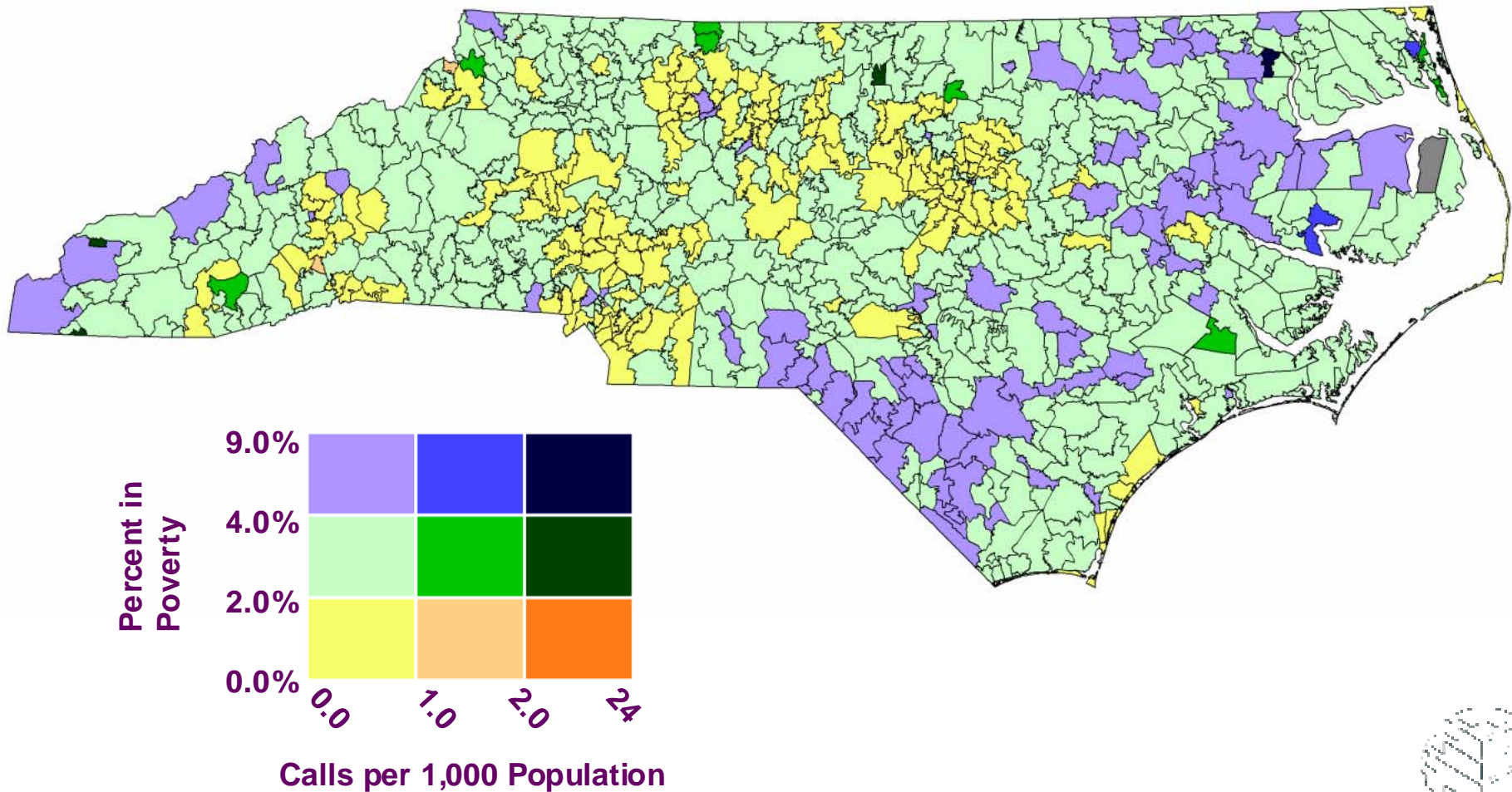
Herbicides & Pesticides - Education

ZIP Code as unit of analysis

		Poison Calls per 1,000 Population			
		0 to <1	1 to <2	≥ 2	
Percent <High School Diploma	$\geq 20\%$	87 96.7%	0 50.0%	3 3.3%	p=0.0178
	10-19.99%	287 95.0%	13 4.3%	2 0.7%	
	0-9.99%	104 99.0%	1 1.0%	0 0.0%	



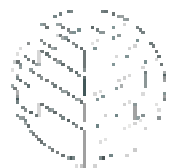
Calls Involving Poisonings with Herbicides & Pesticides By ZIP Code and Percent Population Living in Poverty



Herbicides & Pesticides - Poverty

ZIP Code as unit of analysis

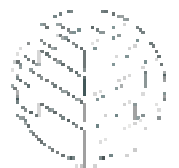
Percent in Poverty	Poison Calls per 1,000 Population			p=0.71
	0 to <1	1 to <2	≥2	
≥4%	80 96.4%	2 2.4%	1 1.2%	
2-3.99%	229 95.0%	9 3.7%	3 1.2%	
0-1.99%	169 97.7%	3 1.7%	1 0.6%	



Conclusions

Household Cleaners

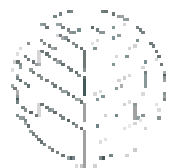
- Lower rate with higher young population
- No urban concentration
Maybe rural?
- No pattern by poverty or education



Conclusions

Prescription Drugs

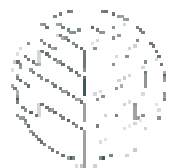
- Higher frequency with increasing young population
- No increase with increasing elderly population
- Higher frequency with rising poverty
- Appalachian effect?



Conclusions

Herbicides & Pesticides

- Rural phenomenon
- Sporadic
- Difficult to draw occupational conclusions



Limitations

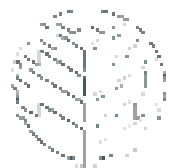
Represents calls, not events

Only calls with ZIP Codes

Variable population densities by ZIP Code

Implied ascription of aggregate characteristics

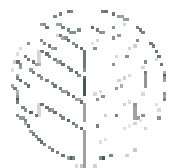
Uncertainty of poison ID



Next Steps

Drill down to census geography or other unit
in “hot” ZIPs

“Matching” with ED & inpatient discharge data



Thank You

