

Lessons Learned: Developing and Implementing a Community-Based Participatory Training of Trainers Intervention to Promote Physical Activity among Latinos

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### Contributors

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## San Diego Prevention Research Center: A University-Community Partnership

 One of 33 CDC-funded PRC's in the US dedicated to health promotion research among underserved populations

 Collaboration between San Diego State University, University of California, San Diego, and San Ysidro Health Center



## Familias Sanas y Activas Healthy and Active Families

- Promote physical activity among Latinos living along the US-Mexico border town of San Ysidro, CA
- Build capacity of community partner organizations to promote physical activity by training in program development, advocacy, and evaluation.



# Socio-Geographic Context: San Ysidro

- Most trafficked border in the world with 50,000 crossings per year
- Southern most community: politically and geographically isolated from San Diego
- Incorporated into the US in 1957
- Binational lifestyle
- Population size of 28,000
  - -Predominantly low-income, monolingual Spanish-speakers



## Community Partners

- Casa Familiar A large, multi-service agency in San Ysidro.
- San Ysidro Health Center A large, health clinic with multiple facilities, including a health education center and a research department.
- Villa Nueva Apartments 200 units, 4,000 individuals.



## Community Advisory Board

Keeps the SDPRC informed about issues affecting the Latino community in San Ysidro and helps make decisions about research activities. Meets monthly.

- Casa Familiar
- MAAC Project
- San Ysidro Health Center
- County of San Diego Health & Human Services, South Region
- San Ysidro School District
- St. Charles Catechetical Center
- Willow Elementary School



## Needs assessment Community survey, N=672

- Prevalence of various chronic conditions:
  - 24% high blood pressure
  - 11% diabetes
  - 20% arthritis
- 41% no health insurance
- Barriers to physical activity
  - Crime
  - Traffic safety
- 3 local parks used by only 50% of respondents



# Multi-level approach to activity promotion

- Individual Behavior Change
- Social Support Mechanisms
- Community advocacy to address environmental disparities
- Mass media to recruit and change social norms



## Training of Trainers and Promotores

- Bilingual curriculum
- Written at a 6<sup>th</sup>-grade literacy level
- Content:
  - Physical activity program development & implementation
  - Behavior change
  - Nutrition & stress management
  - Community organizing & advocacy

#### For Trainers

- Adult education methodology
- Program evaluation



## Physical Activity Toolkit

Water Bottle, Pedometer, & Stretch Band

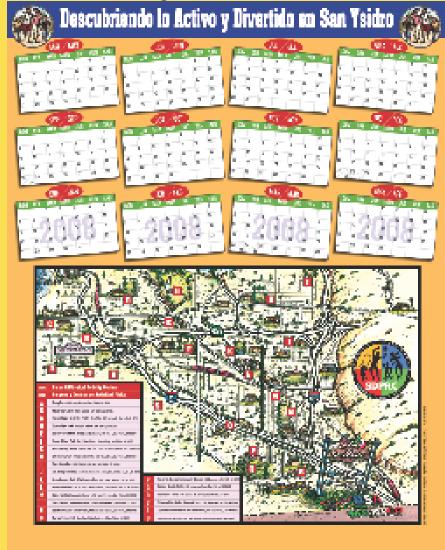
#### Guides:

- Community Resource Guide with GIS map of physical activity locations
- Walking Guide of 3 San Ysidro Parks
- Exercise guides
- Calendar/Map



# Illustrated by Chicano Artist: Salvador Barajas







## Program Implementation: Structure and Activities

- Trained 6 agency representatives as Trainers (12-session curriculum; 2 hours/session).
- Trainers recruited & trained 12-18 Promotores (8-session curriculum; 2-hours/session).
- Incentives: Modest monthly incentives plus funds to support additional training and certification. Graduate ceremony and certificate.
- Trainers & Promotores together are:
  - 1. Recruiting participants
  - 2. Working with participants to set behavior change goals
  - 3. Developing and implementing physical activity programs



## Program Implementation: Evaluation Activities

#### **Process evaluation**

- Promotor logs dose delivered
- Promotor surveys (baseline, 6-months, 1-year), plus interviews for newspaper
- Trainer interviews (baseline and 1 year later)

### Outcome evaluation with promotor and participants

- 1. Fitness: cardiovascular, strength, flexibility
- 2. Self-reported physical activity
- 3. SOPARC: Systematic observations of park usage



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### Results to-date

6 trainers recruited

15 promotores trained

151 participants completed baseline



### Lessons Learned

### Socio-geographic influence on implementation

- No events Friday afternoon through Sunday
- Trips to Mexico in the summer and holidays
- Walking groups versus Aerobics
- Spanish-language an imperative



## Lessons Learned

### Importance of <u>Social</u> in Socio-Ecologic framework

- Haz Ejercicio, Haz Amigos
  - Seeking friendships is an important motivation to participate
- Social gatherings important
- More SDPRC presence in the community



### Lessons Learned

### Issues of program sustainability

- More frequent fitness evaluations
  - Finding a home in the community where the benefits of physical activity are integral to the agency
- Volunteering
  - Paid vs. unpaid (subsidized housing)
  - Attrition



## Next Steps

- Additional recruitment and training of trainers and promotores
- Continued recruitment of participants
- Advocacy efforts
  - Home Zones
  - Collaborations schools, parks, worksites
  - PhotoVoice results