Could chiropractors screen for adverse drug events in the community?

Monica Smith, DC, PhD_{1,2}; Lisa Bero, PhD_{2,3}

- 1. Palmer Center for Chiropractic Research
- 2. UCSF Institute for Health Policy Studies
- 3. UCSF Dept of Clinical Pharmacy

Background/Context

Survey of US chiropractors (DCs) in 2002-03

Attitudes, knowledge, and behaviors – Clinical practice guidelines, Standards of care:

- Chiropractic-specific standards of care
- Other recommended standards of care for prevention, relevant to chiropractors

Background/Context

Source for recommended standards of care for prevention: Clinician's Handbook of Preventive Services (1st ed), developed for the USPHS Put Prevention into Practice campaign

e.g. Physical Activity, Nutrition, Tobacco

- PolyPharmacy (Handbook, Chap 57)
 - Relevant for chiropractic practice?

Objectives

- Describe the experiences of US chiropractors in identifying adverse drug events in their patients (Survey of DCs 2002-03)
- Discuss the potential role of chiropractors in screening for adverse drug events in the community

Survey Methods & Response Rate

- Survey questions pilot-tested on a sample of 104 "key informants" drawn from chiropractic leadership rosters.
- Initial mailing, 2 follow-up mailings, phone follow-up.
- Sampling Frame all licensed DCs (N = 67,217)
 - Simple Random Sample SRS (n = 2500)
 - Clustered Random Sample CTS (n = 2531)
- Response Rates: SRS=53.8%; CTS=49.7%

Demographics

Male	80%
White	94%
Solo	69%

AGE

Chiro Spec Credentials 32% **Other Spec Credentials** 42%

25-35	21%	1-10
36-45	35%	11-20
46-55	34%	21-30
>55	10%	>30

YEARS in PRACTICE 1-10 36% 11-20 36% 21-30 19% >30 9%

Survey Query Adverse Rx

Have you ever identified an adverse pharmaceutical event occurring in one of your chiropractic patients, such as a prescription drug reaction, interaction, or toxicity?

If YES,

Briefly summarize one or two key recent incidents/events

- what type of adverse pharmaceutical event you potentially identified,
- what action you took or recommended

DCs Identify Adverse Rx Events

Have you ever identified an adverse pharmaceutical event in one of your chiropractic patients?

Yes 61%

If Yes, How often in the past 2 yrs?

0 times 5%

1-5 times 41%

6-10 times 17%

11-20 times 15%

21-30 times 9%

>30 times 13%

DCs Describe Adverse Rx Event

- Rx, specific mention by name <n=30>
- Rx, mention by drug type/purpose <n=78>
- OTC, Other, Unknown <n=30>

Reactions to Vaccines

Unknown if Rx or OTC "NSAIDS" or "anti-inflammatories" or "pain meds"

OTCs specific mention by name

Nondescript reference to "meds"

Vitamins or herbs, etc.

Rx specific mention by drug name <n=30>

- Lipitor, Zocor, Baycol <n=15>
- Celebrex, Vioxx <n=6>
- Other (Prozac, Xanax, Paxil, Wellbutrin, Vicodin, Oxycodone, Percocet, Haldol, Glucophage, Fosomax)

Rx mention by drug type <n=78>

- HTN meds, bp meds <n=23>
- Statins, cholesterol meds <n=18>
- Other (Rx pain meds, narcotics, muscle relaxors, corticosteroids, NSAIDs, anti-inflammatories, prednisone, antidepressants, asthma meds, seizure meds, heart/cardiac meds, coumadin)

Example narratives mentioning Statins

- "multiple severe muscle aches and cramps: resolved within days of removal from zocor/lipitor/baycol, etc"
- "increased low back pain in patient on lipitor"
- "many pts prescribed lipitor med which caused muscle weakness as side effect"
- "several cases of cholesterol medication causing systemic pains, referred cases back to MD who modified meds"
- "several people on anticholesterol drugs when off the drugs did much better overall"

Objectives

- Describe the experiences of US chiropractors in identifying adverse drug events in their patients (Findings from Survey of DCs)
- Discuss the potential role of chiropractors in screening for adverse drug events in the community

FDA MedWatch (http://www.fda.gov/medwatch)

- For VOLUNTARY reporting of Adverse Events by Consumers and Health Professionals.
- To report, it is not necessary to be certain of a cause/effect relationship
 suspicion of an association is sufficient reason to report.
- Report adverse events with Medications or Combinations of Medications. Report adverse events with Special Nutritional Products (e.g. dietary supplements).
- Report SERIOUS adverse events.
 An event is serious when the patient outcome is:
 - Death
 - Life-threatening
 - Hospitalization
 - Disability or permanent damage
 - Congenital anomaly/birth defect
 - Required intervention to prevent permanent impairment or damage
 - Other serious Important Medical Events (e.g. development of drug dependence or drug abuse)

Conclusion

- Adverse drug events are a major problem and are often undetected.
- Chiropractors are identifying reportable events and have a role in advancing patient safety initiatives to monitor adverse drug events.
- Implications for Chiropractic Education, Practice.
- Implications for Coordination of Care
- Need for further research

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Thank you for your attention!