TOBACCO ON TRIAL:



An Innovative Mock Trial Curriculum for High School Students

PHAI The Public Health Advocacy Institute © 2007

Copyright 2007, Lissy C. Friedman, lissy@tplp.org

Presented by

Lissy C. Friedman, JD

Senior Staff Attorney Public Health Advocacy Institute Northeastern University School of Law Boston, Massachusetts

2007 National Conference on Tobacco OR Health October 24, 2007 • Minneapolis, MN



Project Description

A curriculum that puts tobacco industry executives on trial for the death of a person who died from exposure to secondhand smoke (SHS).



Statistics on Smokefree Workplaces



Copyright 2007, Lissy C. Friedman, lissy@tplp.org

- 26 states/commonwealths plus D.C. 100% smokefree workplaces, and/or restaurants, and/or bars, with 5 more state statutes due to go into effect in 2008
- 656 municipalities have 100% smokefree provision in workplaces, and/or restaurants, and/or bars
- 11,305 municipalities covered by 100% smokefree provision in workplaces, and/or restaurants, and/or bars by either a state or local law, covering 58% of U.S. population

Source: Overview List – How Many Smokefree Laws?, Americans for Nonsmokers' Rights Foundation, current as of October 1, 2007, http://www.no-smoke.org/pdf/mediaordlist.pdf

PHAI

Effects of Secondhand Smoke on Heart Disease



The Public Health Advocacy Institute © 2007

Copyright 2007, Lissy C. Friedman, lissy@tplp.org

- 2006 Surgeon General's Report on Secondhand Smoke found a causal relationship between exposure to SHS and increased risk of coronary heart disease morbidity and mortality among men and woman "The Health Consequences of Involuntary Exposure to Tobacco Smoke: A Report of the Surgeon General," June 27, 2006, viewed at http://www.surgeongeneral.gov/library/seconhandsmoke/
- SHS kills approximately 46,000 adult nonsmokers from coronary heart disease each year, by far the largest number of fatalities as a result of exposure to SHS (next largest is lung cancer at 3,000 deaths). "The Health Consequences of Involuntary Exposure to Tobacco Smoke: A Report of the Surgeon General," June 27, 2006, viewed at http://www.surgeongeneral.gov/library/secondhandsmoke/
- Centers for Disease Control and Prevention issued a warning for anyone at risk for heart disease to avoid smoke-filled indoor environments completely Terry F Pechacek and Stephen Babb, How acute and reversible are the cardiovascular risks of secondhand smoke?, BMJ 2004;328:980-983 viewed at http://www.bmj.com/cgi/content/full/bmj%3b328/7446/980

ΡΗΑΙ

The Victim A stand-up comedian who has performed at various comedy clubs for her entire



adult life dies of a heart attack during a performance in a club that allows smoking.

- Non-smoker
- Worked for five years at this club
- No other risk factors such as diet, family history, or general ill health

PHAI

The Defendants

- President and CEO of tobacco company
- Scientist in charge of tobacco company's Research and Development Department
- Tobacco Company's Public Relations Representative

ΡΗΑΙ

Other Witnesses

• Prosecution:

- Coworker who witnessed comedian's death
- Comedian's cardiologist
- Expert witness to testify about dangers of secondhand smoke
- Defense:
 - Expert witness to dispute alleged general dangers of secondhand smoke and specific causation in the death of the comedian

ΡΗΑΙ

Other Participants

- Prosecutors
- Defense Attorneys
- Jury Members
- Judge (teacher)



The Criminal Charges



The Public Health Advocacy Institute © 2007

Copyright 2007, Lissy C. Friedman, lissy@tplp.org

Murder

- Criminally Negligent Homicide (Murder)
 - Failure to perceive a substantial and unjustifiable risk that death will occur
 - Risk must be of such nature and degree that failure to perceive it constitutes a gross deviation from the standard of care that a reasonable person would observe in the situation
 - One acts recklessly when he perceives and consciously disregards the risk

ΡΗΑΙ

Fraud

- Acting with intent to obtain property or money from persons by false or fraudulent pretenses, representations or promises
- Scheme to defraud must be ongoing and systematic
- Intent to defraud based on a "disregard of or reckless indifference to the truthfulness" of the Defendants' statements or acts.



Conspiracy

- Agreement between at least two persons to commit an unlawful act
- Need at least two parties and an agreement
- Causing significant harm to an individual or the general public as to be seriously contrary to the public interest
- Requires intent to commit unlawful act

Testimony

Direct examination & Cross examination

Testimony will be based on a biographical dossier that each witness has received, providing them with sufficient information to answer questions



Exhibits

Exhibits introduced during the trial derived from:

- Actual tobacco industry internal documents and memos
- Testimony from real tobacco trials
- -Public health reports and studies
- Fact sheets compiled by public health groups

PHA

Additional Materials

- Teacher's guide to facilitate trial
- Suggested additional research assignments on topics such as SHS smoke and the history of tobacco litigation
- Internet links to direct students to helpful resources.

SSUes For Debate on Both Sides

- Prosecution trying to punish tobacco company defendants' bad acts resulting in death of innocent person.
- Tobacco industry knew its product has deadly effects and placed profits above public health.
- What is the duty of the government to regulate smoking in the workplace ?
- Do individuals have to take the initiative to protect themselves from SHS?
- Defense has right to sell a legal product.
- Does SHS really cause heart disease?

ΡΗΑΙ

For More Information

Lissy C. Friedman Senior Staff Attorney

Public Health Advocacy Institute, Inc. Northeastern University School of Law 102 The Fenway Room 117 Cushing Hall Boston, MA 02115

> 617.373.3514 fax 617.373.3672 lissyfriedman@phaionline.org

ΡΗΑΙ