

A Collaborative Approach to promoting the health and well being of immigrant families

Dianna Inman, MS, APRN, CPNP, Deborah Williamson, DHA, MSN, CNM, Sheila Smith, PhD, RN, Marilyn Givens King, DNSc

Contributing Partners:

Charleston County School District Midland Park Community Ministries Trident Literacy Association MUSC College of Nursing



Population

- By 2020, Hispanic Children are expected to account for nearly 25% of all U.S. children.
- More than 60% of children living in immigrant homes in SC claimed Mexico as their country of origin





SC Demographics

- Between 1990 and 2000 the number of Hispanic/Latino residents tripled
- In 2003
 - 3.1% of SC children were Hispanic/Latino
 - 6.8% of all births were to Hispanic/Latino mothers.

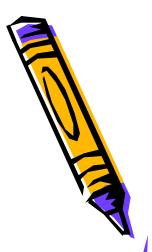
(SC Vital Statistics, 2003)

Barriers to health care

- · Lack of health insurance
- · Unfamiliarity with health care system
- · Language Access



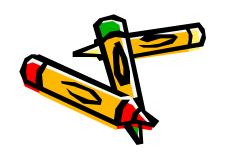
Impact of Poverty on Educational Success



 Lack of school readiness sets up impoverished children for low educational performance or failure in school, leading to under-employment and a life of poverty

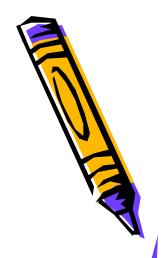
(2002 South Carolina Child Care Survey)

 27.8 % of children living in poverty are Latino



(KIDS COUNT, 1999 Census)

Early Childhood Education Programs



Black children and White children are more likely to be enrolled in a preschool/day care program than Latino children

(The Future of Children, vol. 15, No. 1, Spring 2005)

ABRAZOS: Mom's Morning Out

Eligibility

Mothers with two and/or three year old children in the Midland Park School District





ABRAZOS: Mom's Morning Out: A Community Partnership To Promote Early Childhood Development

