Creative approaches to developing and disseminating culturally appropriate genetics education information to African American communities

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Project Goal

 To improve the genetic literacy of African Americans in the Metro Washington DC area and facilitate their active participation in efforts to promote health and eliminate health disparities



Objectives

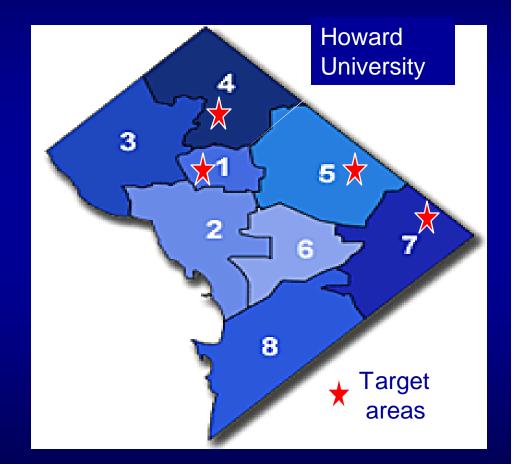
- Design and develop culturally relevant materials on genomics and ELSI (ethical, legal, and social implications)
- Disseminate genetics educational materials into the African American community
- Engage African Americans in ongoing dialogue about human genome research, its associated implications, and the role of genomics in the elimination of health disparities at community events



Our Community

• According to the U.S. Census, Black people make up 55.4% of the total population of DC

 Heart disease, cancer, hypertension, and diabetes are the leading causes of death for African Americans in target areas





Why the need for genetics educational materials

- Focus groups were conducted to assess the knowledge of African Americans and their perceptions regarding genetic research and genetic testing.
- Information revealed:
 - Participants wanted more information about the connection between genetics and disease
 - Greater understanding of the possible impact of genetic tests on employment opportunities and insurance coverage
 - Need for information that was easily understood
 - Wanted greater understanding of genetics research based on what they had heard in the news



Do's and Don'ts

•Do

-Create interactive materials -include games, puzzles, etc. -Make colorful brochures that represent the community -Talk "to" the audience and not "at" them

•Don't

-Present information as a 'talking head'

-Provide information that is not easy to understand



Development of Educational Materials

•The Importance of Family Health History •Race, Genetics and Health

- –2 handbooks
 –1 Public Service
 Announcement (PSA)
 –1 Website
- -Toll free number







Community Participation

Focus Groups

3 focus groups (N = 22)

Community Advisory Board

6-8 community members

- Responsibilities
 - Reviewed draft materials
 - Provided feedback and suggestions



Feedback Summary

- Very open to offer feedback and suggestions
- Liked the concept; felt the materials would be useful for the African American community
- Preferred that more of the images reflected African Americans and the African American culture



Local Dissemination Efforts

- Bi-weekly community education workshops – combining an interactive visual presentation with the handbooks as educational materials
- Community forum discussions with African Americans in the Washington, DC Metro Area on family health history, race, genetics, and the environment



Next Steps- Town Hall Meeting

- Plan and host a town hall meeting in February 2008
- Topic areas
 - Genetic testing
 - Genetic discrimination
 - Genes and environmental interactions
 - Family health history
 - The impact of race and the environment on health



Challenges

- Changes in staff
 - Project Coordinator
 - Principal Investigator
 - Local Evaluator
- Changes to the project's objectives and timeline
- Working through University policies procedures
- Time consumption to edit and revise of materials



Rules of (Community) Engagement – Lessons Learned

- Important to gather as much community input as possible
- Ask questions of community leadersthey are closest to the community
- Recruit members with interests that support the group's objectives to the community advisory board
- Show appreciation of communityrespect the invitation



Conclusion

• Our hope is to:

- Provide a mechanism for African American families to discuss their family health history with family members and their health care providers
- Address the concerns of the community regarding race, genetic testing, and the health of African Americans
- Increase awareness and promote understanding of genetics and health



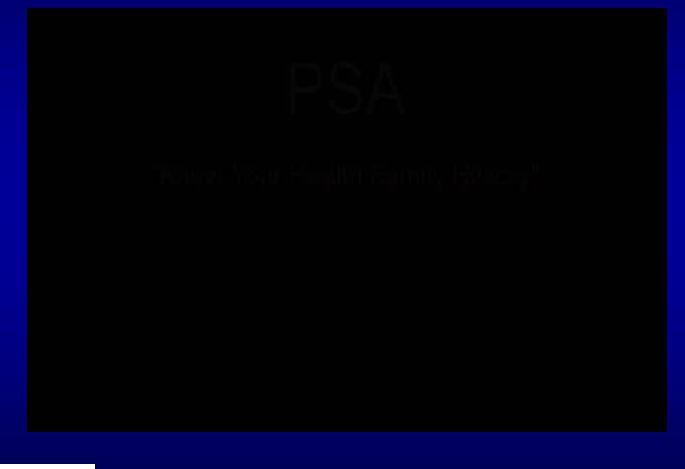
Thank You's

- Local community leaders and families
- Project Staff
- Community Advisory Board
- March of Dimes Foundation
- March of Dimes Foundation National Capital Area Chapter
- HRSA
- APHA

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Family Health History PSA





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