

National Multiple Sclerosis Society Reducing Communication Barriers for Hispanic Patients with Multiple Sclerosis:

Interpreter Demonstration Project

This project was made possible by a generous unrestricted educational grant from the





Background

- Multiple sclerosis (MS) is a chronic, progressive, unpredictable neurological disease that affects the central nervous system
- Experts feel it is important to diagnose and treat MS early in the disease process



Background

- Hispanics/Latinos (monolinguals) have difficulty receiving appropriate medical care due to the lack of culturally and linguistically proficient services.
- National MS Society support of the Presidential Executive order "Improving Access to Services for Persons with Limited English Proficiency", 2001.



Collaborators

MS Clinics

- Bronx Lebanon MS Clinic NYC
- Los Angeles County Univ. of Southern California MS Clinic
- Houston Ben Taub MS Clinic

National MS Society

- Moyra Rondon, LCSW; Marion Brandis, MA, RN, BSN- NYC Chapter
- Mercy Willard, MNM; Denise Nowack, RD Southern CA Chapter
- Barbara Olsen, RN, MS; Lissa Cameron, LMSW-Lone Star Chapter
- Deborah Hertz, MPH; Maria Reyes-Velarde, MD, MPH National



Project Goals

- Improve access to MS specialty care by reducing language barriers
- Assess patient/provider communication



Selection of sites

Site selection process

- Lessons learned
 - Approach must include the benefit to the provider
 - Requirements for approvals and coordination are unique to institutions



Finding medically trained interpreters

Models

- NYC contracted with individuals
- Los Angeles contracted with an agency
- Houston hospital staff

Lesson Learned

Many options exist



Role of Interpreters

- Service to patients
- Service to the healthcare providers
- Feedback to the National MS Society
- Participation in trainings, meetings and conference calls



Preparing Interpreters

Training

- National about MS, disability etiquette, goals of program, expectations
- Local HIPAA, hospital requirements, additional chapter training
- Glossary of MS specific terms and definitions

Scripts



How did it work?

- Interpreters scheduled on a regular basis
- Spanish speaking patients invited to participate
- Consent forms
- Chapter staff present at clinics



Instruments to Assess the Quality and Impact of the Service

- "Post-then-pre" telephone survey by a trained Spanish speaker
- Interpreter activity reports/conference calls
- Physician survey
- Chapter evaluation



Results

120 served -- 89% participants surveyed

- 100% respondents suggested improved communication with the physician, compared to 7.7 % prior to the service.
- 100% respondents indicated understanding physician information, compared to 12.9% prior to service.



Results

- Participating physicians indicated a benefit to the service
- Interpreters felt integral to the demonstration project



Outcomes

Lessons learned:

- Interpreter services reduce communication barriers
- Evaluation tools need to be culturally modified
- Efficient use of interpreter time
- Glossary has multiple uses
- Project costs & future funding
- California hospital partners in training professional staff on cultural competence and MS



The Interpreter Demonstration Project

Results of this project will be used to promote:

- Value of reducing communication barriers between physicians and patients
- Need for appropriate cost effective interpreter services
- Efficient interpreter service models



Professional Resource Center

- Clinical consultation
- Literature search services
- Continuing education opportunities
- Insurance and long-term care information
- www.nationalmssociety.org/PRC

1-866-MS-TREAT

Healthprof_info@nmss.org

