

Early Abstinence Among a Cohort of Youth Smokers in Community-Based Smoking Cessation Programs

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TODAY'S GOALS

- Brief Review: What is HYSQ?
- Characterize treatment seekers
- Describe analyses of factors associated with early abstinence
- Discuss implications for design of cessation programs

Helping Young Smokers Quit: Identifying Best Practices for Tobacco Cessation

- Multi-year, Three-Phase Initiative
- Funded by Robert Wood Johnson Foundation, National Cancer Institute, Centers for Disease Control and Prevention
- Based at University of Illinois at Chicago

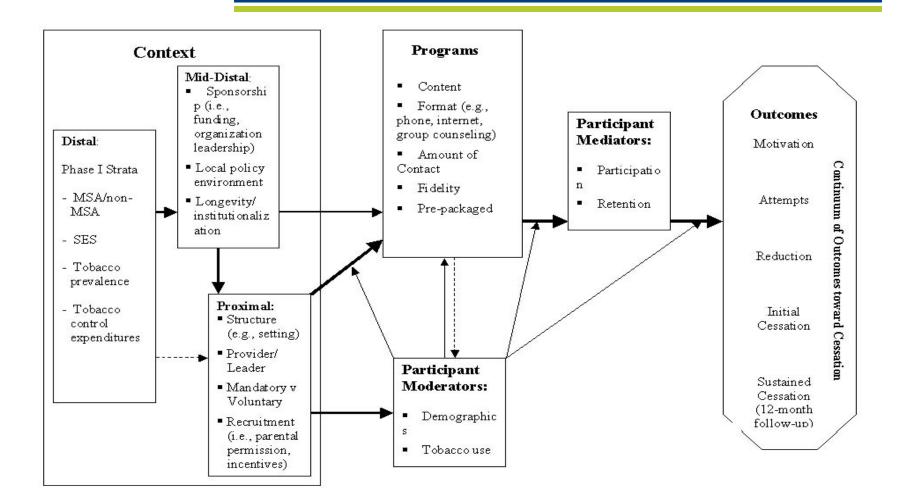
HYSQ Mission and Activities

- Overall Mission:
 - Accelerate knowledge about effective interventions for youth tobacco cessation
- Activities
 - Phase I: National survey of programs
 - Phase II: Program evaluations
 - Phase III: Sustainability survey
 - Synthesis of 'best practices' in cessation programming
 - Self-evaluation tool-kit

Phase II Goals

- Evaluate a sample of "real world" youth cessation programs
 - want viable, replicable, and credible programs (potential exemplars)
- Identify characteristics of programs that show promise for improving smoking cessation outcomes among enrolled youth
- Identify resources and barriers to successful youth cessation program implementation

PHASE II: Logic Model



PHASE II: Data Collection Effort

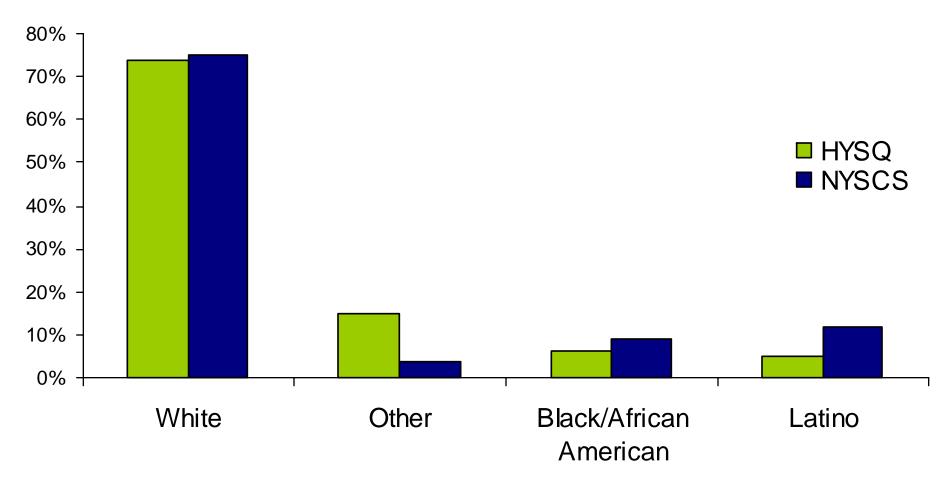
- Youth participant surveys
 - Baseline (n=878)
 - End of the program (n=801),
 - Follow-ups at 6-months (n=672) and 12-months (n=601)
- Program leader interviews (n=80)
- Organization leader (n=64)
- Community leaders (n=94)
 - School Board
 - Health Department
 - Juvenile justice
- Local ordinances from archival research

Constructs Measured on Youth Surveys

- 1. Demographics
- 2. Smoking History
- 3. Attitudes about Smoking
- 4. Motivation/Efficacy
- 5. Quitting History
- 6. Social Context/Smoking Environment
- 7. Social Support for Quitting
- 8. Grades/Academic Performance
- 9. Activities
- 10. Health and Fitness
- 11. Psychological Factors

PHASE II: Who are the Treatment Seekers?

HYSQ: 52% female (NYSCS: 46% female)



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PHASE II: School and Risky Behaviors

School-related Variables

- 94% currently enrolled in school
- 68% average or below average grades
- 68% ever suspended or expelled from school
- 28% expect to attend 4year college

Risky Behaviors

- 73% live with another smoker
- 57% binge drank in the past month
- 66% out > 3 nights/week

PHASE II: Smoking and Quitting Behaviors

Smoking Behaviors

- Average age of 1st cigarette: 12 years old
- 55% smoke daily
- 78% smoke first cigarette within hour of waking up
- Average 6 cigs/day, Average 5 days/week

Quitting Behaviors

- 56% want to quit for good, but not yet quit
- 20% say they definitely will not smoke in 5 yrs
- 74% are in the program voluntarily
- 44% plan to quit in next 30 days
- 77% plan to quit in next
 6 months

Modeling Challenges

- LOTS of data
 - 231 variables measuring 11 constructs from baseline surveys
- Missing Data (among 53 variables on short list)
 - Item non-response low (< 5%)
 - Potentially 43% missing cases (487 respondents) if cases are deleted for any missing data

Solutions/Approaches to Challenges

- Impute missing data
 - Used SAS IVE Ware
 - Imputed 5 datasets
 - Used Mean of 5 for imputed values of variable/respondent
- Backward Stepwise Selection to Build Models
 - Started with 53 variables, selected from
 - theoretical framework/logic model, and
 - block-wise variable comparisons and bi-variate associations

Predictors of Early Abstinence

(n=833) controlling for age, race, gender

Baseline Predictor	Measure	OR
Amount smoked (ref = <1-5 cig/day)	6-10	0.50
	>10	0.06*
Smoke by myself (ref = never)	Often	0.29*
Confidence (ref = high)		2.13
Stages of Change (ref = precontemplation)	Preparation	2.73
	Action	10.82
Think public places should be smoke free (ref =	Probably yes	3.61
definitely not)	Probably not	2.60
Lives with Smoker		0.55
Activities (ref = sports only)	Art/math only	3.18
	Mixture	2.80
Percent of sessions attended	(0-100)	2.61

Predictors of Daily Smoking at End

of Program (n=642) controlling for age, race, gender

Baseline Predictor	Measure	OR
Nicotine Dependency	Continuous (higher=dependent)	1.5
Time to first cigarette (ref = <15 mins)	30+ mins	0.36*
How often smoke	(5-15)	1.27*
Daily smoker at baseline		6.40*
Use promotional items		1.65*
Smoking Expectancy Scale	Higher value=agree	0.67
Stages of Change	Contemplation	0.43*
(ref = precontemplation)	Preparation	0.52
Stick to program	Definitely yes	0.66
School Performance (ref = average)	Below average	1.75
	Much better than average	3.40

Predictors of Motivation at End of

Program (n=766) controlling for age, race, gender

Baseline Predictor	Measure	OR
Time to first cigarette (ref = <15 mins)	15-30 mins	0.50
Smoking Expectancy Scale	Higher value=agree	0.66
Motivation	High vs. low	5.98*
Stick to program	Definitely yes	1.81
Girl/boy friend smokes and/or is supportive (ref=don't have g-b friend)	Non-smoker and very supportive	2.52*
Suspended or expelled in past 6 months		0.67
Ever used behavioral therapy for quitting		1.45
7-day abstinent at EOP		6.30*
Interaction of 7-day EOP abst and BL Motivation		NS

Predictors of Confidence at End of

Program (n=763) controlling for age, race, gender

Baseline Predictor	Measure	OR
Nicotine Dependency	Continuous (higher=dependent)	0.71
Smoke by myself (ref = never)	Sometimes Often	0.37 0.44
Confidence	High vs. Low	2.64*
Stick to program	Definitely yes	1.66
Girl/boy friend smokes and/or is supportive (ref=don't have g-b friend)	Non-smoker/very supportive	2.24*
	Smoker/very supportive	1.79
Motivation	High vs. Low	1.92
7-day abstinent at EOP		4.90*
Interaction of 7-day EOP abst and BL Confidence		0.36

Construct	Baseline Predictor	Early Abstinence	EOP Daily Smoking	Motivation	Confidence
Smoking Hist	Amount Smoked	Х			
	Daily Smoking		Х		
	How often Smoke		Х		
	Nicotine Dep		Х		Х
	Time to 1 st Cig		Х	Х	
	Stages of Change	Х	Х		Х
	Confidence	Х			Х
	Motivation			Х	
Attitudes about smok.	Smoking expect.		Х	X	
	Public places SF	Х			
Social Context	Smoke by self	Х			Х
	Lives with smoker	Х			
Social Sup.	G/B friend support			Х	Х
	Program Attend.	Х			
	Stick to program		Х	Х	Х
Acad. Perf.	School performance		Х		
Activities	Extracurriculars	Х			
	Used promo items		Х		
Quit History	Used beh'ltx			Х	

Conclusions/Limitations

- Our results are consistent with other research on predictors of youth cessation
 - Nicotine Dependence and other measures of addiction are important predictors of quitting behavior
- Commitment to program seems important
- This is a first stage; multi-level models that incorporate other data may show different results

Conclusions/Limitations

 Our findings represent the most comprehensive exploration of factors associated with youth quitting to date