Documenting the realities of WIC breastfeeding mothers: A photovoice project

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Sense of Receiving Support from Others

"I think I have had more support from

my family and friends this time then I

Introduction

- Low breastfeeding rates of among women is a serious public health concern.
- Low rates of breastfeeding are associated with increased infections and hospitalizations for the infant and increased risks for various cancers for the mother.
- WIC women in Muncie, Indiana explored their concept of breastfeeding support through visual images and discussion in order to identify ways to increase breastfeeding.
- Analyzing the discussion for themes helped to develop local concepts of what these 7 women identified as
- Engaging them in research encouraged them to participate in addressing the needs to change attitudes and beliefs about breastfeeding in the community

Method



Participatory Photography is a qualitative research framework that offers a way to work with a targeted population by sharing photographs

Numbers: 7 WIC breastfeeding mothers from Muncie, Indiana participated in small group interaction in October 2006 through October 2007.

Session One: Orientation was given in using a camera. Assignments were to take pictures that described their lives as breastfeeding mothers. Disposable cameras were given to participants. Tape recording of the session was analyzed for themes by the researcher.

Session Two: Previous meeting and analysis of themes reviewed. Participants shared their photographs which focused the discussion. Discussion was taped and analyzed. Cameras were distributed again.

Session Three: Same as second session. Planning of a public display of the photographs was begun. Research was assigned and plans were executed on PowerPoint by the researcher.

Study Area



Results

Themes developed when participants were asked what they saw in the photographs they took:





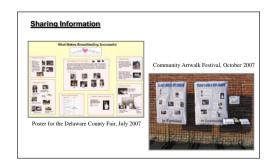






Community Action planned by participants and researcher:





Participants



| Participants' Pseudonym | General Demographics | Personal Demographics |
|-------------------------|----------------------|---|
| Crystal | Zipcode: 47303 | Family Unit: Married |
| | Age: 28 | Breastfeeding Experience: |
| | Education: 15 years | 2 children; each over Lyear |
| Jenzafer | Zipcode: 47304 | Family Unit: Single |
| | Age: 21 | Breastfeeding Experience: |
| | Education: 14 years | 7mo old and breastfeeding |
| | | Working |
| Kuthayn | Zipcode: 47302 | Family Unit: Married |
| | Age: 27 | Breastfeeding Experience: 3 children; |
| | Education: 16 years | Smo twins still breastfeeding |
| | | Just starting work again |
| Lina | Zipoode: 47304 | Family Unit: Married |
| | Age: 30 | Breastfeeding Experience: 3 children, all |
| | Education: 16 years | breastfed, not currently breastfeeding |
| | | Worked with first two |
| Lynn | Zipoode: 47305 | Family Unit: Living with Father of |
| | Age: 33 | infant |
| | Education: 16 years | Breastfeeding Experience: 2 children, |
| | | still breastfeeding 2mo |
| Margaret | Zipcode: 47396 | Family Unit: Married |
| | Age: 27 | Breastfeeding Experience: 1 child just |
| | Education: 16 years | finishing after a year. |
| Rathel | Zipcode: 47304 | Family Unit: Living with Father of |
| | Age: 38 | Indiana |
| | Education: 14 years | Breastfeeding Experience: 2 children, |
| | | 13 years spart, both breastfed, still |
| | | breastfeeding 2 nd |
| | | Worked when breastfeeding 1st |

Discussio

- WIC women identified self determination and a belief that breastfeeding was the natural way to feed their. These beliefs and attitudes appeared to be very important in their success of breastfeeding.
- Positive attitudes about breastfeeding by the family, a friend or a partners increased the duration
- Community attitudes that did not encourage breastfeeding were a deterrent to feeling comfortable breastfeeding in church and other public places
- Workplace policies that did not acknowledge the needs of the breastfeeding mother were the most difficult to overcome.

Conclusions



- Participation with targeted community can lead to local knowledge and beliefs being incorporated into effective interventions that increase duration.
- Participation in the project increased the participants awareness and interests in being change agents in there own

Limitations

- Adaptation of these findings to interventions is appropriate to this specific situation but should not be generalized Analyzing is time consuming for many programs
- Community involvement of young mothers can be difficult because of family obligations

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