

Health Promotion in Chiropractic Practice:

2010 and 2005 NBCE practice surveys

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Presenter Disclosure



John K. Hyland, DC, MPH

The following personal financial relationships with commercial interests relevant to this presentation existed during the past 12 months:

No relationships to disclose



 Practice (Job) Analysis Surveys

 The Practice Analysis reports (which are updated every five years) are used extensively to inform and educate state licensing boards, associations, legislators, and insurance companies on the practice patterns of full-time chiropractors.

 The reports are used by educators throughout the profession and by NBCE in the development of the Part III written and Part IV practical examinations for chiropractic licensure.

Practice Analysis of Chiropractic - 2010

A descriptive study of the practice of chiropractic in the United States based on the responses of more than 2,200 full-time chiropractors from all 50 states and the District of Columbia.



Practice Analysis of Chiropractic - 2010

Respondents reported how frequently they performed various tasks and professional responsibilities, and then assessed the risk to a patient's health and safety due to a chiropractor's omission or poor performance of the activity.





















- ★ Weight reduction strategies (3)
- * Wellness workshops/health classes (2)
- ★ Yoga
- ★ Tai Chi
- ★ Essential oils
- ★ Motivational tapes & books
- ★ Vaccination
- ★ Hypnosis
- ★ Changing attitudes about drugs

×	Risk to patient's health and safety if omitted or poorly performed: All procedures were rated as little or no risk –		
1	Unhealthy behaviors	69%	
	Screening prevention	65%	
	Ergonomic advice	74%	
	Diet recommendations	68%	
	Exercise promotion	65%	
1.1	Stress reduction	80%	
	Self-care strategies	76%	
	Smoking cessation	67%	

×	Results:	
	 Chiropractors commonly provide health promotion and wellness care to their patients (78 - 97%). 	
	* These procedures are done at least weekly.	
	 Disease prevention/early screening advice has decreased 91 - 82% over past 5 years; otherwise the surveys are consistent. 	



Results:

- Smoking cessation is the least frequently performed procedure – by only 78% of DCs and at least weekly by less than half of those (41%).
- The risk to a patient's health and safety due to omission or poor performance of these procedures is considered to be low.









