

An Innovative Colorectal Cancer Screening Promotion Intervention for Low-income, Older Latinos

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Presenter Disclosures

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No relationship to disclose.

Study Team

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Latino CRC Disparities

- Lower incidence rates
- Lower screening rates
- Higher late-stage detection
- Lower survival rates



Intervention Goals

- Overcome barriers
- Increase comprehension
- Promote screening and risk reduction behavior





Intervention Strategy

Use touchscreen kiosks to deliver colorectal cancer screening and risk reduction information















Study Hypotheses

Exposure to education intervention ...

- H₁ higher CRC screening adherence
- H₂ greater CRC knowledge gains
- H₃ greater sense of self-efficacy
- H₄ greater attitude change toward colorectal cancer screening and risk reduction behavior
- ... compared to the control group at six months from baseline.

Efficacy Evaluation

- ◆ N=750 participants at two FQHC
- Randomized experimental design
- Intervention and control study arms
- Validated instruments: UT-Houston
- Pretest and six month posttest

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