



CENTER FOR HOPES Each job descriptor is rated according to a 0-100 scale, for example: Work Activities - Handling and Moving Objects Save Table (01.5<20) Using hands and arms in handling, installing, positioning, and moving materials, and manipulating things. Level Code Occupation A 13-2011 01 Accountants . 27-2011.00 Actors 29-1199 01 Acupuncturists 29-1141.01 Acute Care Nurses 25-2059.01 Adapted Physical Education Specialists 51-9191.00 Adhesive Bonding Machine Operators and Tenders 23-1021.00 Administrative Law Judges, Adjudicators, and Hearing Officers 11-3011.00 Administrative Services Managers 25-3011.00 Adult Basic and Secondary Education and Literacy Teachers and Instructors 29-1141.02 Advanced Practice Psychiatric Nurses 11-2011 00 Advertising and Promotions Managers 41-3011.00 Advertising Sales Agents 17-3021.00 Aerospace Engineering and Operations Technicians 17-2011.00 Aerospace Engineers & Green 13-1011.00 Agents and Business Managers of Artists, Performers, and Athletes 17-2021.00 Agricultural Engineers 45-2091 00 Agricultural Equ nent.C



Research Design:

Used each of five selected O*NET job descriptors:

- "Handling and Moving Objects"
- "Spends Time Kneeling, Crouching, Stooping, or Crawling"
- "Spends Time Bending or Twisting the Body"
- "Work in Cramped Work Space, or Awkward Postures"
- "Performing General Physical Activities"

Independent Variable:

A "mean intensity level" (MIL) was calculated for each of the five O*NET job descriptors by averaging the O*NET intensity level for every week that the cohort member worked on a full-time basis in a job during the 32-year study period (1979 – 2010).

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Design				Findings	6		
esearch Design: Dependent Variable: National Longitudinal Survey of Youth – 1979 (NLSY79)			Handling and Moving Objects	Spend Time Kneeling, Crouching, Stooping, or Crawling	Spend Time Bending or Twisting the Body	Cramped Work Space, Awkward Positions	Perf Ge Ph Act
ational Longitudinal Survey of Youth – 1979 (NLS179) elf-report of "arthritis or rheumatism"		MIL h vs. Low	1.29** (1.08, 1.53)	1.27** (1.07, 1.51)	1.48*** (1.23, 1.77)	1.30** (1.08, 1.55)	1. (1.13
Question: "Have you ever had, or has a doctor ever told you that you have arthritis or rheumatism?" Outcome Assessment: 32-year study period, 1979 – 2010	1st	t quartile	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.(
	2nd	d quartile	1.27* (1.01, 1.61)	1.15 (0.91, 1.45)	1.11 (0.88, 1.41)	1.05 (0.84, 1.32)	1.31 (1.04, 1
	3rd	d quartile	1.47*** (1.17, 1.86)	1.33* (1.06, 1.68)	1.51*** (1.19, 1.92)	1.38** (1.11, 1.73)	1.59 (1.27,
	4th	h quartile	1.46** (1.12, 1.90)	1.42** (1.11, 1.82)	1.64*** (1.27, 2.11)	1.22 (0.93, 1.61)	1.4 (1.12,
	per	ontinuous or 10 MIL points	1.10*** (1.04, 1.17)	1.10* (1.02, 1.19)	1.11*** (1.05, 1.17)	1.08 (0.99, 1.17)	1.10 ⁻ (1.03, 1

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Implications

- 1. This study demonstrates the use of a novel method for assessing the association between long-term job exposure and the onset of chronic disease later in life.
- 2. This study also shows how O*NET can successfully be used as a surrogate measure for occupational exposure even when direct exposure measurement is not feasible.
- 3. This same methodology can be extended to study the relationship between occupational exposures and a variety of chronic diseases, such as asthma, diabetes, chronic lung disease, hyportension, non-skin cancer, mental health conditions, and chronic heart disease (all available in NLSY79).
- 4. This study reinforced the importance of identifying and controlling known risk factors for occupational arthritis, such as handling of heavy materials, working in awkward postures, and performing strenuous physical activities.
- The detection of relatively consistent dose-response relationships helps to further validate the potential usefulness of this approach for studying associations between long-term job exposure and chronic disease.

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A standardized process for using O*NET to estimate the association between work exposures and chronic disease occurrence

Allard E. Dembe, Sc.D., Xiaoxi Yao, M.P.H., Thomas M. Wickizer, Ph.D., Abigail B. Shoben, Ph.D., Xiuwen (Sue) Dong, Dr.P.H.

The Ohio State University, College of Public Health Center for Health Outcomes, Policy & Evaluation Studies

Contact Information: Allard E. Dembe, Sc.D., Professor The Ohio State University College of Public Health Division of Health Services Policy & Management Director, Center for Health Outcomes, Policy & Evaluation Studies

Email: adembe@cph.osu.edu