



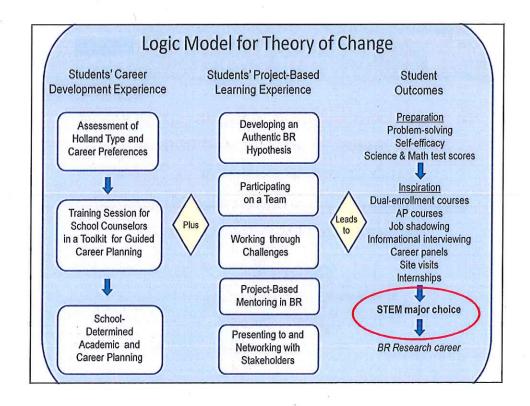
Specific Aims

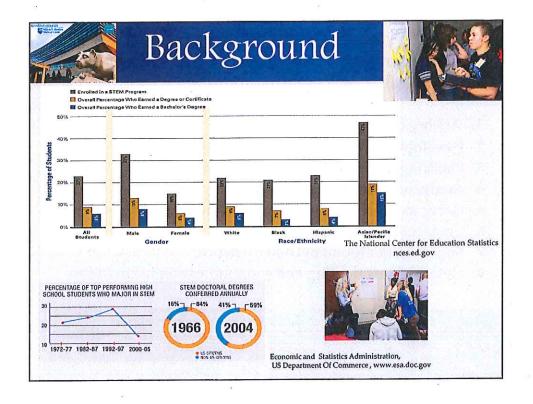
1. Determine whether <u>interest</u>, <u>motivation and/or preparedness</u> to pursue a biomedical research career are greater among students who participate in the <u>Epi Challenge intervention</u> compared with students who do not

Design. Randomized Intervention

2. Determine whether adoption of career assessment and planning tools by high school career counselors influences motivation and/or preparedness to pursue a BR career

Design: Non-Random Intervention

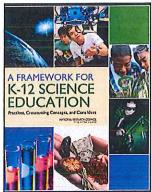




Justification for Intervention

 Many experts in science and education believe that high school students should have more opportunities to actually do science

"... our expectation is that students will themselves engage in the practices and not merely learn about them secondhand. Students cannot comprehend scientific practices, nor fully appreciate the nature of scientific knowledge, without directly experiencing those practices for themselves"



National Research Council (2012). A Framework for K-12 Science Education: Practices, Crosscutting Concepts, and Core Ideas. Board on Science Education. Washington, DC: The National Academies Press.)

The eight NRC 2012 Practices

that "...scientists employ as they investigate and build models and theories about the world."

- 1. Asking questions
- 2. Developing and using models
- 3. Planning and carrying out investigations
- 4. Analyzing and interpreting data
- 5. Using mathematics and computational thinking
- 6. Constructing explanations
- 7. Engaging in argument from evidence
- 8. Obtaining, evaluating and communicating information













Framework Practices for K-12	Epi Challenge Practices
1. Asking questions	Identify a health-related question of genuine relevance to them and formulate a hypothesis Develop questions that will allow them to test their hypothesis
2. Developing and using models	Write a proposal for testing their hypothesis using a cross-sectional epidemiological study design
3. Planning and carrying out investigations	Complete the National Institutes of Health Protecting Human Research Subjects training Ethically test their hypothesis by carrying out their proposal among students in their school district
4. Analyzing and interpreting data	Analyze data
5. Using mathematics and computational thinking	Calculate prevalence and prevalence ratios
6. Constructing explanations	 Make justifiable inferences based on the differences or similarities between the prevalence rates
7. Engaging in argument from evidence	Present the results of their study to public health professionals
8. Obtaining, evaluating, and communicating information	 Present the results of their study to school district stakeholders

Definition

Epidemiology is the study of populations in order to determine the patterns and causes of health and illness, and to be able to apply what's been learned to control health problems.

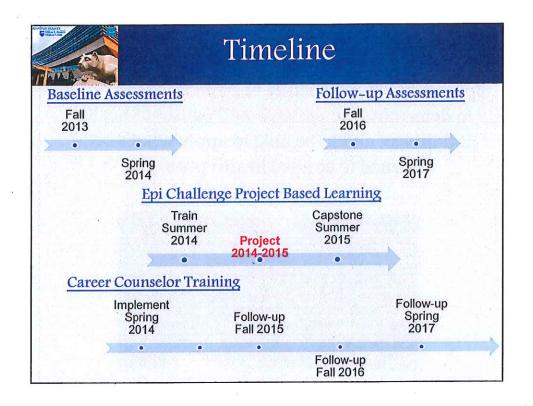


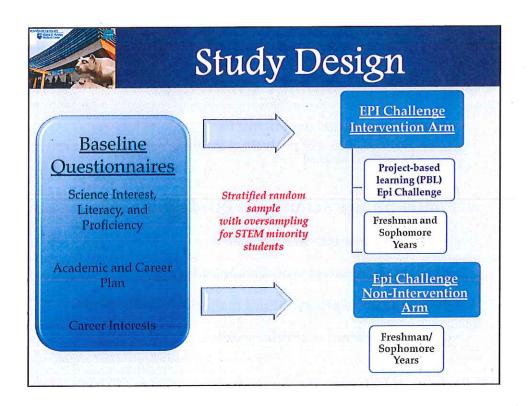
• Why an Epidemiology Challenge?

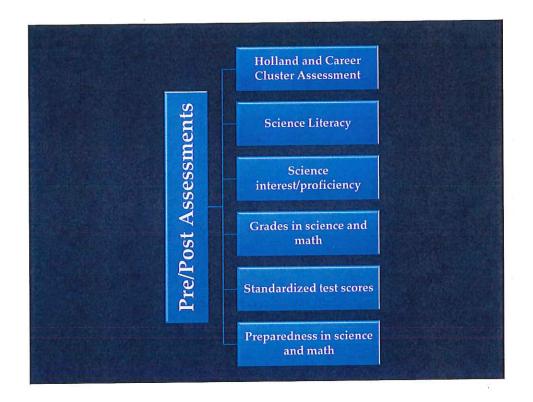


- Offers a "real world" experience for high school students to perform scientific research in their school
- Focus on the science of epidemiology
 - Typically not taught in high school
 - Applies key principles of science and math
 - Scientifically explores subject matter relevant to youth
 - Called the science of public health

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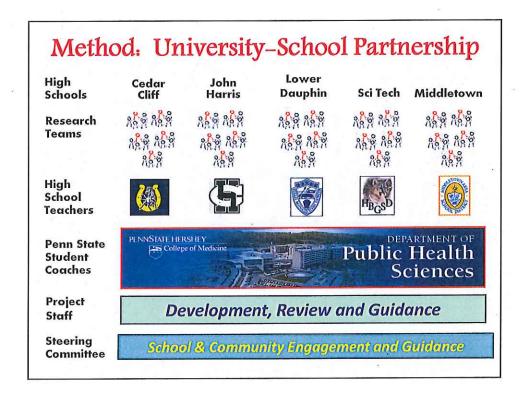


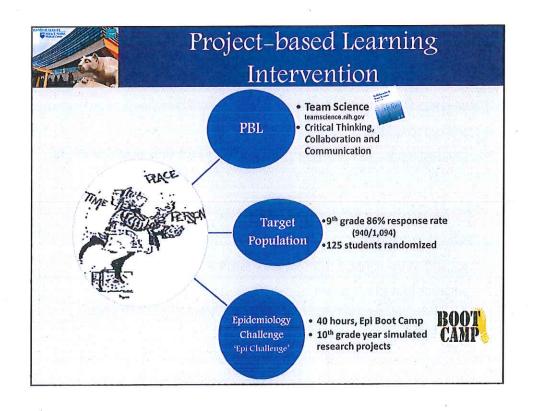


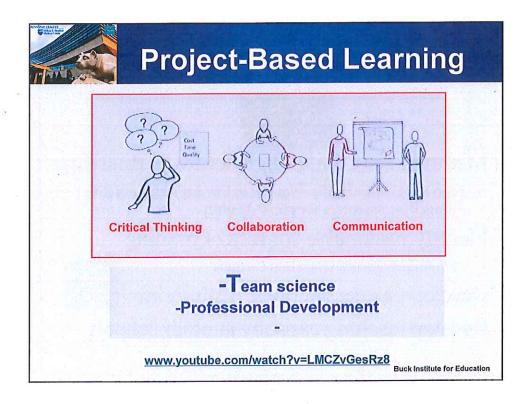
Baseline Assessment and Randomization



- Baseline Science Literacy and Interest Questionnaire.
 - Overall 86% response rate (940/1,094) of all 9th grade students
- 125 Students randomized to the intervention and control groups
 - Stratified by student interest and proficiency in STEM
 - At least half of all strata
 - · under-represented science minority or economically disadvantaged
 - · female









Successes/Challenges

- > Successes
 - -work as a team, constructive criticism, PD, participant rate is steady
- > Retention of students with a diverse set of skills, learning styles, and educational backgrounds
 - Coaching model includes both school educator and graduate student coach teams
 - Life Challenges
 - Epi Challenge Schedule
 - · -in school versus out-of-school
 - Student Professional Development
 - Dynamics of "Real" Research

Differential adoption of career model among schools

- In-person training of all counselors at one time
- Interactive format to promote peer-to-peer learning



Long Term Goals





- · Maintain Penn State-High School partnerships
 - Penn State Public Health Workforce Development Initiative (Council on Education for Public Health)
- Identify sustainable sources of funding
 - Community Science Education Partners
- Develop partners at other institutions

