Hospital and health system role and accountability toward population health in the context of the Affordable Care Act

American Public Health Association (APHA) Conference *November 18, 2014*

Kaiser Permanente's process and tools for examining community health needs

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American Public Health Association (APHA) Conference *November 18, 2014*



Presenter Disclosures

Pamela Schwartz

(1) The following personal financial relationships with commercial interests relevant to this presentation existed during the past 12 months: No commercial interests relevant to this presentation. Employed by Kaiser Permanente and sponsor of the public and free community health data platform demonstrated in this presentation.

Kaiser Permanente Overview and Mission



- Founded in 1945
- America's oldest and largest private, nonprofit healthcare organization
- 16,942 physicians representing all specialties
- 223,402 employees
- 9.3 million members
- Operations in 8 states and Washington, D.C. with 38 medical centers and 618 medical offices

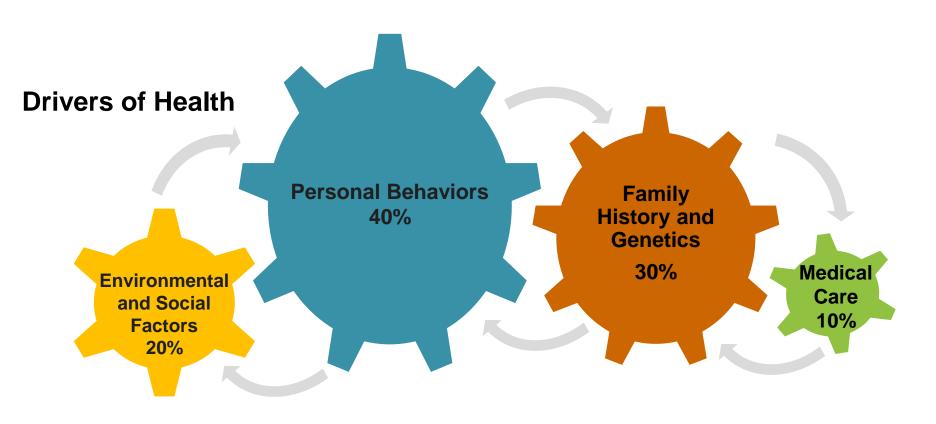


Mission: To provide high-quality, affordable health care services and to improve the health of our members and the communities we serve.

Many Factors Drive and Shape Health



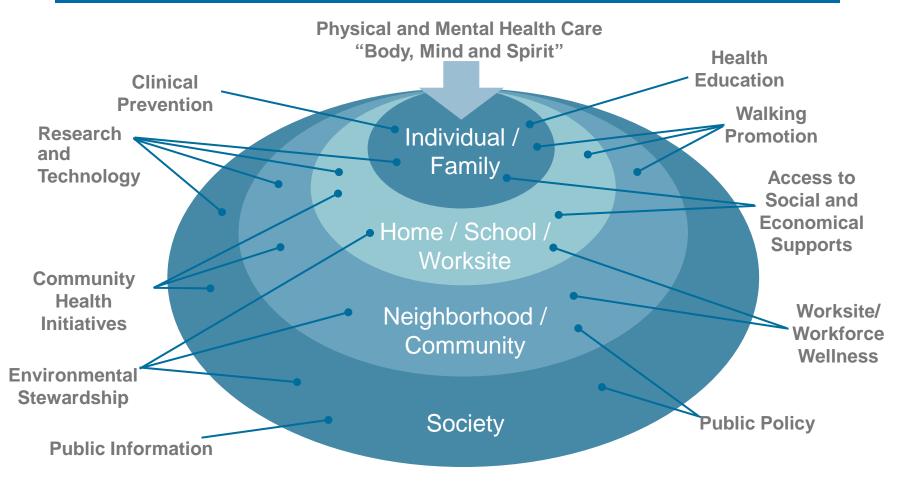
Health is driven by multiple factors that are intricately linked



Source: McGinnis et al, Health Affairs, 2002



Deploying Kaiser Permanente Assets for Total Health



What is Community Health Needs Assessment (CHNA)?





"...is a systematic examination of the health status indicators for a given population that is used to identify key problems and assets in a community." (1)

...has the ultimate goal to "develop strategies to address the community's health needs and identified issues." (1) requirement in ACA for non-profit hospitals to conduct CHNAs every 3 years, and develop Implementation
Strategies in response to prioritized needs.

(1) Source: Public Health Accreditation Board's (PHAB) Definition from the PHAB Glossary of Terms Version 1.0. Turnock, B. Public Health: What It Is and How It Works. Jones and Bartlett, 2009.

CHNA Driving Meaningful Change



Meet Federal Regulations

- ACA requires CHNA and Implementation Strategies (IS) responding to needs for all non-profit hospitals, every three years
- IS must be adopted by Board and filed with IRS as part of Form 990
- \$50,000 fine per hospital if requirements not met

Inform CB Investments

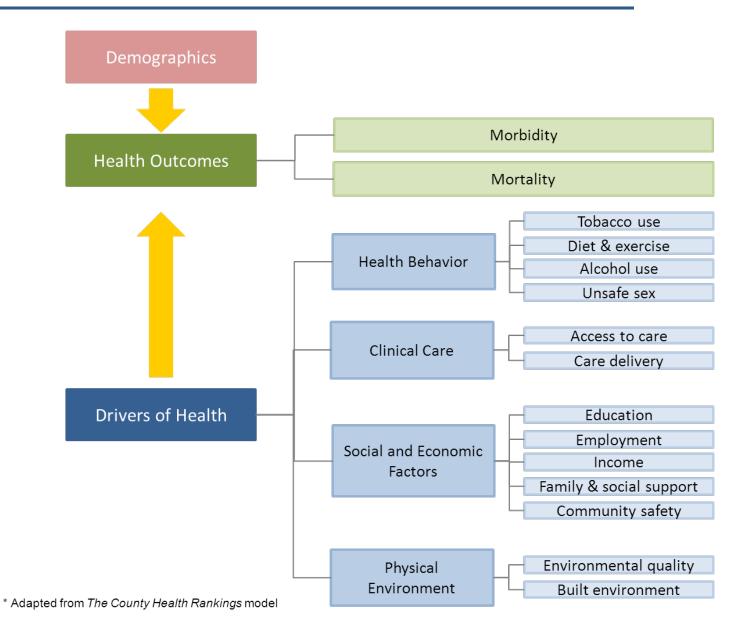
- Robust set of data to understand health needs program wide
- Assessment data and process will inform Community Benefit portfolio
- Continue to impact community health through collaborative relationships

Seize Opportunities

- Opportunity to strengthen KP leadership and impact in population health
- Leverage all KP assets
- Explore new community based collaborations

Kaiser Permanente's Approach to Common Indicators





Understanding Community Health Using KP Community Health Needs Assessment Data Platform



- www.chna.org/kp
- Aggregation and comparison of needs across regions/service areas
- Improved efficiency
- Valuable to internal and external partners
- Sharing our assets with our communities and the field
- Available at no cost



CHNA Data Platform

Log Out

Dashboard

Help F

Feedback

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ackground

About this Platform

Get Started

Target Area Assessmen

Supplemental Data



ACKGROUND

For many years, KP has conducted community health needs assessments (CHNA) as a way to inform how we allocate Community Benefit resources.

Learn more about the CHNA process.



ABOUT THIS PLATFOR

This data platform has been created to support your CHNA process. Learn how to use this tool.



GET STARTED

Ready to begin the process of creating data platform report? Begin mapping and selecting your data indicators.



TARCET AREA ASSESSMEN

Find your target areas based on a visualization of two indicators, poverty rate and educational attainment. Start the assessment tool.



SUPPLEMENTAL DATA

Want to explore additional data sets that can further enhance your report? Access the Community Commons data layers Welcome to the CHNA Data Platform!

Kaiser Permanente is pleased to provide this new web-based resource to our communities as a way to support you in facilitating community health needs assessments and fostering fruitful community collaboration. We hope you will use this resource to understand what is really driving health in our communities and to prioritize those issues that require our most urgent attention. Most importantly, we hope you will use this site to inform investment strategies and community actions that can make a real difference in the health of our patients, clients, constituents and neighbors in the communities we all serve.

For over 65 years, Kaiser Permanente has been dedicated to providing high quality, affordable health care services and to improving the health of our members and the communities we serve. During that time, we have come to rely on community health needs assessments as a valuable tool for understanding the health needs and resources in our communities, to support engagement of a wide variety of community members to address pressing health needs, and to inform us as we develop approaches to effective community investments.

By providing this platform as a community asset, we hope to make the needs assessment process more efficient, freeing up precious community resources to focus on dialogue, discernment and action planning instead of the conduct of data analysis. We also hope this resource will increase the power of these assessments. This resource includes a focused set of community health indicators that highlight "key drivers" of health, allowing us to understand what is driving health in particular neighborhoods at a fine geographic unit of analysis. The platform also provides capacity for mapping and creating tables that use a wide variety of data to develop a rich picture of our communities' needs as well as their assets.

We invite you to explore this resource and provide us with feedback about your experience so that we can better tailor it to support your work and make improvements moving forward.

We also invite you to consider how this resource can help all of us discover new ways of working together to meet the needs of our communities.

Wishing you good health and joyful collaboration,

Sincerely,

Loel Solomon, Ph.D. Vice President, Community Health

Powered by:

CHNA Data Platform Overview Video



http://assessment.communitycommons.org/KP/Tutorials.aspx

4 minutes; 18 seconds

Most Frequently Prioritized Program-wide Community Health Needs



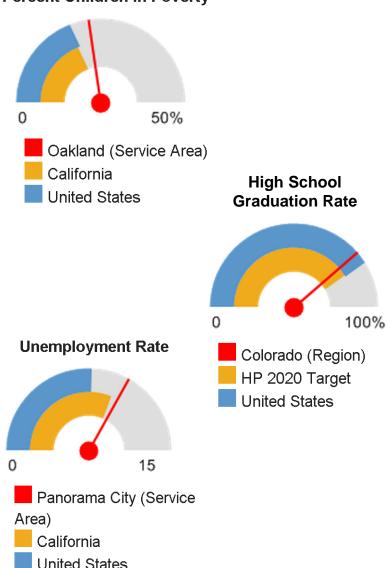
- Obesity/HEAL/Diabetes (identified by all facilities/regions)
- 2. Mental Health
- 3. Access to Care
- 4. Asthma
- 5. Oral Health
- 6. (tie) Cardiovascular Disease/Stroke
- 7. (tie) Substance Abuse/Tobacco
- 8. Violence/Injury Prevention
- 9. Cancers
- 10. (tie) HIV/AIDS/Sexually Transmitted Diseases
- 11. (tie) Maternal and Infant Health
- 12. Economic Security



Exploring a Health Need: Economic Security







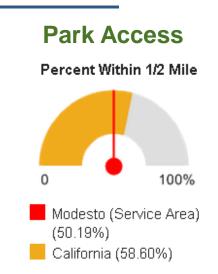
Families are under too much financial stress. Parents are struggling to keep above water economically and do not have enough support to also be good parents (Antioch, CA)

"When people are out of work or they are financially struggling, taking care of health drops down the priority list. And so how can you expect people, even if they are able to access care, to access care if they are just trying to make ends meet and they are trying to keep their lights on and get food on the table?" (Moreno Valley, CA)

Exploring a Health Need: Obesity

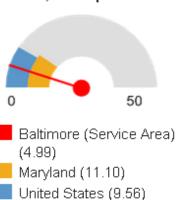


CHNA participants mentioned parks as places where they do not feel safe. In these communities people "stay inside their house". Some communities do not have sidewalks or street lights for people to safely walk around the neighborhood. (Modesto, CA)



Recreation and Fitness Facility Access

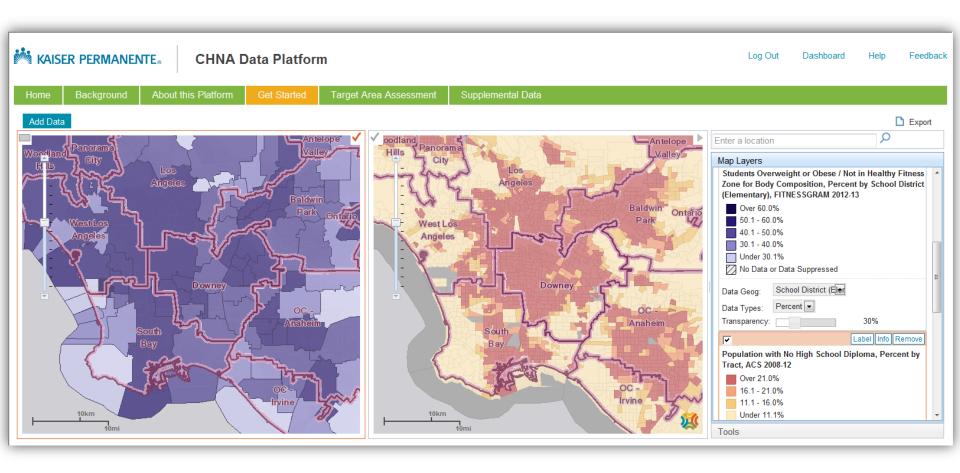
Establishment Rate per 100,000 Population



"With how our county is laid out (with 7,000 square miles, being very spread out, being dependent upon cars, not having an optimal public transportation infrastructure), our community does not lend itself to walking and biking. We have not had many planned areas where people, can walk and access all the things they need." (Moreno Valley, CA)

Exploring Childhood Obesity





Evidence Base Snapshots



Health Need	Obesity/Overweight	
Long-term Goal	Evidence-Informed Intermediate Goals	Evidence to Inform Strategies
	Increase healthy eating	Access and Availability Adopt policies and implement practices to reduce overconsumption of sugar-sweetened beverages¹ Increase the availability of lower-calorie and healthier food and beverage options for children in restaurants¹ Utilize strong nutritional standards for all foods and beverages sold or provided through the government and ensure that these healthy options are available in all places frequented by the public¹ Ensure strong nutritional standards for all foods and beverages sold or provided through schools¹ Introduce, modify, and utilize health-promoting food and beverage retailing and distribution policies¹ Knowledge/Attitudes/Skills

Evidence Base Snapshot - OBESITY and OVERWEIGHT

The goals and strategies were informed by the following sources:

- ¹ Accelerating Progress in Obesity Prevention: http://www.iom.edu/Reports/2012/Accelerating-Progress-in-Obesity-Prevention.aspx
- ²The Community Guide Community Preventive Services: http://www.thecommunityguide.org
- 3 County Health Rankings: http://www.countyhealthrankings.org
- ⁴The Community Guide: Guide to Clinical Preventive Services: http://www.thecommunityguide.org/about/guide.html

Health Need	Obesity/Overweight	
Long-term Goal	Evidence-Informed Intermediate Goals	Evidence to Inform Strategies
Reduce obesity / overweight among at risk population	Increase physical activity	Access and Availability Community design and land use policies ¹ Require quality physical education and opportunities for physical activity in schools ¹ Creating or enhancing places for physical activity combined with informational outreach activities ³ Improve streetscape design ² Increase green space/parks ² Joint Use Agreements ³ Knowledge/Attitudes/Skills Provide and support community programs designed to increase physical activity ⁴ Individually-adapted health behavior change programs that teach behavioral skills to help participants incorporate physical activity into their daily routines ³ Behavioral interventions to reduce screen time ³ Community-based social support interventions focus on changing physical activity behavior through building, strengthening, and maintaining social networks ² Point-of-decision prompts: physical activity ²

ipment in school¹

utritious foods and beverages in school¹

es 6 years and older and offer them or refer them to comprehensive, note improvement in weight status⁴

sity and offer or refer patients management of with a body mass index (BMI) omponent behavioral Obesity in adults interventions⁴

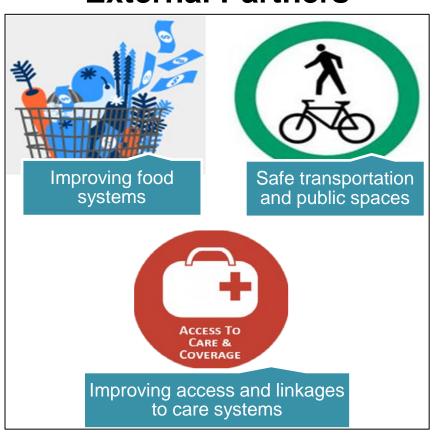
unseling in the primary care setting to promote a healthful diet and physical ertension, diabetes, hyperlipidemia, or cardiovascular disease) is small⁴ ny weight gain during pregnancy and breastfeeding, and promote

nterventions to maintain or reduce weight loss 3

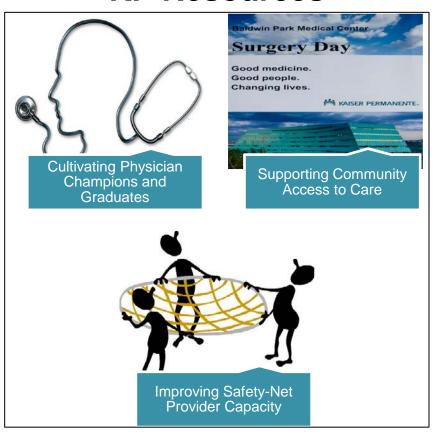
Achieving Greater Impact: Leveraging External Partnerships and Internal Assets for Impact



External Partners



KP Resources



KP's Approach to Childhood Obesity in CO: Breadth of Policy and Programmatic





Healthy People

- ► Hunger Free CO
- ▶ Por Tu Familia
- ▶ Weigh and Win
- ► Community Specialists



Healthy Families

- ► Nurse Family Partnership
- **►**MEND



Healthy Environments

- ► Thriving Schools
- ► HEAL/LiveWell

Comprehensive Approaches to Addressing Social Non-Medical Needs

Community Change Through High-Impact Partnerships







Working Together to Improve Health



Building Our Shared Vision













Achieving Greater Health



