

Coming Together to Improve the Health of Our Communities: Opportunities for Collaboration Between the Clinical Care System and Local Public Health Departments

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Presenter Disclosure

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The following personal financial relationships with commercial interests relevant to this presentation existed during the past 12 months:

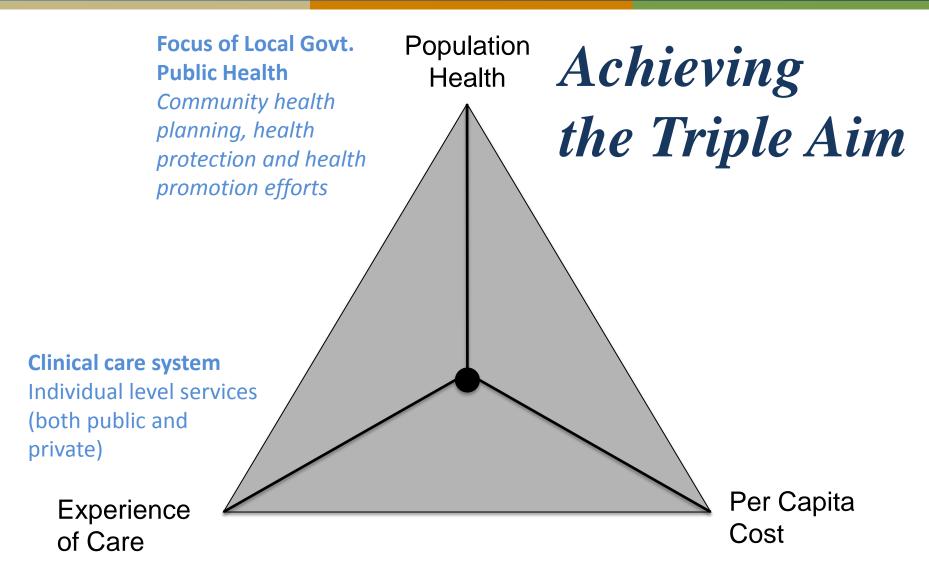
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Introduction

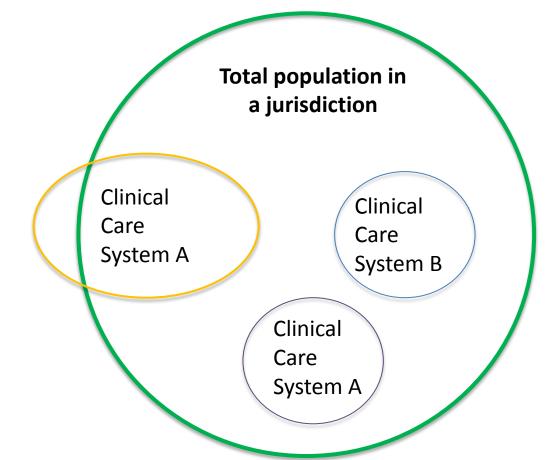
- Definitions: Local Public Health Department vs. Local Health Department vs. local public health
- What do we mean by "population health"? Examples of ways local public health work on "population health".
- Challenges and opportunities for collaboration and integration.







"Population Health" from the Local Public Health Perspective



Many systems to navigate:

- Publicly-run clinical care system
- Large health plans
- Private provider groups
- Community health centers
- Behavioral health services

Adapted from National Quality Forum. "An Environmental Scan of Integrated Approaches for Defining and Measuring Total Population Health" June, 2012. <u>http://www.qualityforum.org/Publications/2012/06/An Environmental Scan of Integrated Approac</u> <u>hes for Defining and Measuring Total Population Health.aspx</u>



Tobacco Free Living

Clinical

& Community

Preventive Services

Healthy & Safe

Community

Environments

oteventito Drug tauge

Broad Conceptualization of a "Healthy Community"

What is a Healthy Community?

A Healthy Community provides for the following through all stages of life:

MEETS BASIC NEEDS OF ALL

- Safe, sustainable, accessible, and affordable transportation options
- Affordable, accessible and nutritious foods, and safe drinkable water
- Affordable, high quality, socially integrated, and locationefficient housing
- Affordable, accessible and high quality health care
- Complete and livable communities including quality schools, parks and recreational facilities, child care, libraries, financial services and other daily needs
- Access to affordable and safe opportunities for physical activity
- Able to adapt to changing environments, resilient, and prepared for emergencies
- Opportunities for engagement with arts, music and culture

QUALITY AND SUSTAINABILITY OF ENVIRONMENT

Clean air, soil and water, and environments free of excessive noise

Tobaccc- and smoke-free

- Green and oden spaces. including healthy tree canopy and agricultural lands
- Minimized toxics, green house gas emissions, and waste
- Affordable and sustainable energy use
- Aesthetically pleasing

ADEQUATE LEVELS OF ECONOMIC AND SOCIAL DEVELOPMENT

Living wage, safe and healthy lob opportunities for all, and a thriving economy

Support for healthy development of children and ado escents

Opportunities for high quality and accessible education

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HEALTH AND SOCIAL

SOCIAL RELATIONSHIPS THAT ARE SUPPORTIVE AND RESPECTFUL

Robust social and civic engagement

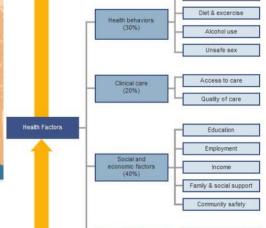
EQUITY

Socially cohesive and supportive relationships, families, homes and neighborhoods

Safe communities, free of crime and violence.

National Prevention Strategy

Mortality (length of life) 50% Morbidity (quality of life) 50% Tobacco use



Physyical

environment

(10%)

and Policies

e and Sexual Health Americans who are healthy at every stage of life. Elimination of **Health Disparities** Hental and Emotional Well-being ActiveLiving **County Health** Rankings

Increase the number of

Reproductive

Environmental quality

Built environment

Source: California Health in All Policies Task Force. Health in All Policies Task Force **Report to the Strategic Growth Council.**



Local Public Health Community Engagement Activities

Direct Services	e.g., PH clinic services, AVRC, contracted SUD services, Nurse Family Partnership
Technical Assistance &	Community outreach & education, data sharing,
Resources	materials & resource development, training
Coordination of Services	e.g., Parks After Dark, LAC Community Disaster
Across Sectors/System	Resilience Project, coalitions, commissions
Infrastructure and Built	Health & wellness centers, Environmental
Environment	Health activities, PLACE
Policy & Systems Change	Policies, legislation, professional guidelines & recommendations



4 Area Health Offices (Community Health Services)

- Based in Public Health Clinics- Area Health Officers and community liaison staff (PHNs and Health Educators)
- Liaison to cities and CBOs
- Participate in Hospital Community Benefits assessments and planning
- Support DPH program initiatives
- Building community health planning coalitions in SPA 3,4,7,& 8





Examples of AHO Work in Communities

- Breastfeeding initiatives
- Emergency Preparedness Activities
- Activate Whittier, Lancaster
- TCE's Building Healthy Communities
- Other city-wide initiatives, i.e. Healthy San Fernando, Healthy Los Nietos





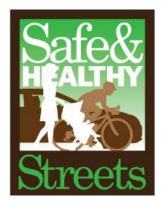


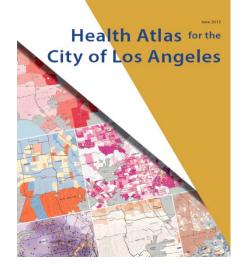


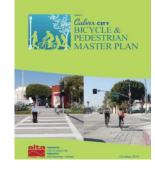


Community Planning Efforts in DPH Programs

- EPRP- Los Angeles County
 Community Disaster Resilience
 Project
- PLACE
 - Healthy Design Workgroup
 - Working with cities in healthPlanning
- County Toxic Threat Strike Team



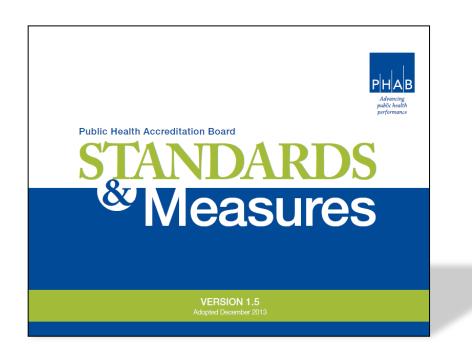








Community Health Improvement Planning in Public Health Accreditation



Similarities to CHNAs...

- Community Health Assessment (CHA)
- Community Health Improvement Plan (CHIP)
- Cross-sector community input

...with some key differences

- 3-year cycle vs. 5 year cycle
- Total population
- Strategic plan for jurisdiction, not local public health department



Opportunities for Collaboration: Data

Assets

- LHDs have in-house epidemiologic and demographic expertise, growing GIS and HIA capacity
- LHDs have data from population surveys, vital statistics, disease surveillance
- Clinical care systems sometimes have proprietary data (smaller region) and data from EHRs

Opportunities

- Joining forces on data collection and selecting key indicators, benchmarks for community health planning
- Analysis /Evaluation of community benefit interventions
- Applying for PCORI research grants



Opportunities for Collaboration: Community Health Planning

Assets

- LHDs convene other departments and contracted safety-net community providers.
- Community benefit programs experience with development, connection to other CBs, private sector (providers and business)
- LHDs bring broad population health and social determinants perspective, work on the policy level

Opportunities

- Collaborating on community engagement to ensure cross-sector participation
- Jointly sponsor online platforms for community health planning
- Resources for meetings
- Common interest in evidence-based and promising interventions



Promoting Integration of Clinical Care System and Local Public Health Accreditation

Challenges

- EHR and billing for non-clinical interventions from LHDs
- Funding streams for episodes of care in population health work

Opportunities

- Centers for Medicare and Medicaid Innovation Models (CMMI)
- Medi-Cal expansion of behavioral health services
 - Coordinated Care Initiative for the dual-eligible
 - Health Neighborhoods (Whole-person Care)
- CDC Community Prevention Grant Funding



Health Neighborhoods

<u>DPH Vision</u>: Healthy People in Healthy Communities (LAC-wide population health)

<u>Health Neighborhoods</u>: to address local health disparities in five pilot neighborhoods

<u>health neighborhoods</u>: integration of health, MH, SUD and PH services via regional service delivery networks



Thank you!

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